ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

By W. A. Hemphill & Co. ATLANTA GA. THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 10 1875. Vol. VII---No 311

Daily Constitution.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 9.

EACH cotton exchange is entitled to a delegate in the national cotton exchange at the meeting in Virginia this summer, for every 50,000 bales of cotton, or fraction thereof, received during the year. Nashville elected two delegates, but as she received 104,000 bales last year, a third delegate has just been chosen to represent the odd 4,000 bales. This is all right, although it crowds the letter of the law pretty close.

A committee of merchants from Marietta to Duck Town, is in the city. They will call on our merchants and capitalists to-day and to-morrow for subscriptions to aid the building of the Marietta & North Georgia railroad. The road is graded northward about twenty miles, and General Winder assures the company that he will supply them with all of the iron and rolling stock they need. We hope our citizens will subscribe liberally. The road will benefit Atlanta more than any other point.

THE Catholic church is making a determined effort, so it is stated, to extend their educational work in the south. The headquarters of this effort are in Baltimore, where the priests, nuns and sisters from abroad report, and are detailed to various parts of the south. New schools for colored children are to be immediately opened, as follows: Ten in Georgia, fifteen in Alabama, fifteen in Mississippi, and twenty-five in Louisiana. These schools will offer board and tuition free to colored young men and women, so the statement before us says.

THE grangers, the council and the citizens generally of Dalton are preparing to entertain the people who attend the coming session of the state agricultural association, which meets on the first Monday in August. They expect, and invite a large attendance, and no matter how large the crowd of visitors may be, the preparations for their reception will be commensurate. The people of Dalton do not propose, says the Enterprise, to let any one carry away unpleasant recollections of their city.

JUSTICE BRADLEY, sitting as judge of the United States circuit court of Mississippi, has decided that a landlord whose tenant becomes bankrupt before any attachment has been issued for rent, is entitled to preference before the general creditors, in bankruptcy proceedings, upon the proceeds of all goods subject to his right of attachment at the time the proceedings were commenced. He is entitled to priority of payment, as he stands in precisely the same position, and is invested with the same rights, as if his common law right of distress remained.

THE Montgomery Advertiser editorially recommends its readers who are looking for a summer resort to try Newnan. Possessing a fine mineral spring, easy of access, and furnished with the facilities of larger towns, located on a high and dry ridge that has never harbored malaria, with delightfully cool nights and a fine class of home people, the Advertiser is just right when it commends our neighboring city on the West Point road. The rush towards upper Georgia will soon commence, and its numerous resorts will soon be full of people.

THE editor of the Brandon Republican has just returned from an extensive tour in east Mississippi, and all his observations convince him that the people are fully determined to wrench the reins of the state government from the villains, idiots and thieves who have had control for the past few years. Every decent white man seems to feel it a sacred duty he owes to posterity to roll up his sleeves and go to work. The legislature, it is thought, will be carried with ease, and at least four out of the six congressmen will be democrats. That is the present outlook. It may improve, but will scarcely become worse, as the people are aroused to the necessity of combined action.

AFFAIRS on the Rio Grande are becoming lively. An enrollment has been made of all males liable to military duty between the Guadaloupe and the Rio Grande, in the southern counties, and Adjutant-General Steele is working up a history of the past troubles through a personal examination. The appearance of Texas state troops on the dividing river caused great consternation on the other side. The cattle drovers above Matamoras immediately organized to resist invasion, and began active operations by placing sentinels at the river crossings. A good many citizens fled to Matamoras for security and protection. The Mexican general Fuero is now on the frontier with two regiments of cavalry, and his orders are peremptory to stop raids on Texas. The chief source of mischief, Cortina, remains on the border. He claims to be only a citizen since his resignation, and therefore refuses to obey the order of the federal government directing him to report in person at the capital. His personal influence is so great that petitions are being circulated in favor of letting the notorious brigand remain in authority on the Rio Grande. Matters are evidently ripe for trouble, and if Grant wants to precipitate one of his "imperative necessities," an excuse is now available.

Col. Lowry and the College Girls.

[Special for The Constitution.]

STAUNTON, VA., June 9.—I leave Thursday morning with a number of young ladies. Lay over half day in Richmond and reach Atlanta Saturday morning.

WM. L. LOWRY.

The Carlist Cause.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

LONDON, June 9.—The Paris correspondent of the Times, alluding to the rumors of the republican movement in Madrid, says:

Those who are watching the course of affairs in Spain are satisfied that the Alfonsoist government is apprehensive. They assert that the Spanish ambassador at Paris, has renewed his complaints relative to the tolerance of the Carlists on the frontier, and has warmly protested against the ostensible charity fetes, the real object of which is to raise money in Paris for the Carlists.

It is supposed France will pay less attention to these complaints than formerly, as Germany, at present, takes slight interest in the cause of King Alfonso, whose government is too weak to pursue a course agreeable to Germany.

Competent authority, an attache of the Spanish embassy in Paris, officially reports that the Carlists have 45,000 good soldiers, besides an equal number of second rates, and will continue to be victorious so long as the war is conducted as at present.

A dispatch from Vienna says the Princess Windischgratz has sent 3,000,000 florins to Don Carlos.

A BLACK FIEND.

HE COMMITS A DASTARDLY OUTRAGE NEAR THE VILLAGE OF ODENTON.

A Young and Estimable Lady the Victim—The Injuries Received Probably Fatal—An Armed Party in Pursuit of the Wretch.

(Baltimore Gazette.)

The most intense excitement prevailed at the village of Odenton and its vicinity on Saturday and yesterday, growing out of a dastardly crime perpetrated by an unknown negro upon Miss Adeline Jackson, aged eighteen years, daughter of Mr. John Jackson, a respectable farmer, living about one and three-quarters miles from the village. Intelligence of the distressing outrage soon circulated over the surrounding country, and also reached Baltimore during the evening of its occurrence, and a representative of the Gazette was at once dispatched to the scene of the outrage for the purpose of investigating the case, which proves to have been one of the most shocking and outrageous affairs ever perpetrated in the state, and one that fully justifies the friends and relatives of the outraged victim in resorting to extreme measures as a punishment for the horrible crime.

THE VILLAGE OF ODENTON

is situated on the Baltimore and Potomac railway eighteen miles from Baltimore, and forms the junction at this point with the Annapolis and Elkridge railway, to and from Annapolis. The village comprises three or four houses, a country store, railway station and telegraph office. It takes its name from the president of the company, ex-Governor Oden Bowie. When the Gazette reporter reached the village the railway station was filled with men, discussing in an excited manner the particulars of the outrage. At the country store opposite the railway station another crowd had congregated for the same purpose. Inquiry was at once instituted and the following particulars of the outrage gleaned. The

SCENE OF THE OUTRAGE

was one and three-quarters miles from Odenton in the direction of Baltimore, on the farm of Mr. John Jackson, aged about 80 years, where he, with his wife and several sons and daughters, resides. The family are in comfortable circumstances, but like many of the residents in the counties the sons and daughters perform nearly all the farm duties and household work. Mr. Jackson had informed his sons that it was his wish to complete some farm work by noon, and that if they succeeded he would give them a half holiday. On this account all the male members of the family left the house and had been actively at work planting corn in a field some distance from the dwelling during the entire morning. About 10 o'clock Mrs. Jackson and one or two of her daughters also went to the field, leaving Miss Adeline Jackson in the house for the purpose of preparing dinner. After having been engaged in her household duties until about 11 o'clock, Miss Jackson walked to a spring a short distance from the dwelling for the purpose of procuring some fresh water, taking with her a couple of water pails. Soon after she left the house the negro (as was afterward ascertained) entered, and procured a shotgun that had been left standing behind the door, and rapidly making his way by a circuitous route, reached the spring before his victim arrived, and concealed himself behind a tree. Miss Jackson, after drawing the water, was in the act of leaving, when the negro made his appearance in a state of great excitement and requested her to give him a drink of water. She was in the act of complying with his request when he seized her by the throat and dragged her some distance to a clump of bushes, holding the loaded gun in one hand, and threatening to kill her if she resisted. Notwithstanding these threats, she fought desperately to escape, and during the struggle that ensued her clothing was torn into shreds, and her face and neck terribly cut and bruised. The negro did not relax his grasp on her throat, thus preventing her from making any outcry, and she was finally.

RENDERED UNCONSCIOUS

from the brutal treatment received at his hands, and while in this condition she was foully outraged by the fiend, who remained at the scene about half an hour, as near as can be ascertained, after perpetrating the horrible crime. Upon recovering her consciousness Miss Jackson discovered that her assailant had disappeared. She was at first unable to move, but after several efforts succeeded in raising herself from the ground and walking in the direction of the field where her brothers were at work, who were attracted by her screams for assistance, and at once came to her aid. Mr. Elijah C. Jackson, a justice of the peace for Anne Arundel county, was one of the first to arrive, and states that he found Miss Jackson (who is his step-sister) unable to move and scarcely able to explain that she had been the victim of an outrage by an unknown negro. Her clothing was torn to pieces, while her face and neck were bruised and scarred, evidence of the brutal treatment she had received. She was assisted to the dwelling and received the necessary medical attendance. It is impossible to state whether injuries will result seriously, and while her condition is necessarily critical, her friends do not anticipate a fatal result. Miss Jackson, it may be said, is a tall, well-developed girl of eighteen years, or prepossessing appearance, and bore an estimable reputation in the neighborhood where she was highly respected and beloved. She modestly stated the particulars of the outrage, and said that being possessed of considerable physical strength fought determinedly to resist the assault, but, as already stated, without success.

THE NEIGHBORHOOD AROUSED.

Within less than an hour after the crime had been committed intelligence of the affair had been communicated to Odenton and vicinity and the residents were soon in a state of great excitement over the high-handed outrage. It was soon determined to leave nothing undone to arrest the negro and threats were openly made that if caught his life would be forfeited for the crime. Open threats of lynching or shooting were made. Being a stranger in the neighborhood it was found impossible to cause a warrant for his arrest to be issued, and when this became known several young men in the neighborhood

PROMPTLY ORGANIZED

themselves into a raiding party, and started in pursuit of the negro, who, when last seen, was going in the direction of a marsh, or swamp, where he doubtless hoped to conceal himself until nightfall, and then make his escape. Several of the raiding party were mounted, and others went on foot; for the purpose of searching the marsh. All were fully armed. Among others comprising the party of pursuers were Messrs. Joseph J. Clarke, Wm. P. Pumphrey, Isaiah W. Pumphrey, Wm. Wheat, John Lowman, James Chaney, and Charles Hammond, and it was their express determination not to abandon the search until they captured the negro or were assured that he had gotten beyond their reach.

An Explanation Demanded.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

LONDON, June 9.—A dispatch to the Times, from Rangoon, says Mr. Forsyth, the British envoy to Burmah, has been instructed to demand of the King an immediate explanation of the friendly reception he gives the Chinese general implicated in the murder of Mr. Margery, a British explorer. The Burmese are cutting the telegraph.

A Western Sensation.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

TOPEKA, June 9.—While Deputy United States Marshal Ramsey and a posse were attempting to arrest two horse thieves at Stockton, yesterday, one of them shot Ramsey in the abdomen, and he died in about an hour. After being

Fire.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

TORONTO, ONT., June 9.—A fire here

THE STATE ROAD.

E. W. Cole Replies to Certain Criticisms on His Convention Speech —A True History of the State Road Lease, its Management, Profits and Usefulness.

OFFICE OF PRESIDENT NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, NASHVILLE, TENN., June 5, 1875.

To the Editor of the Constitutionalist:

SIR: On my return from New York my attention has been called to an article in your paper taken from the Atlanta News, in reference to my speech before the convention of stockholders of the Georgia Railroad and Banking company, in May last, as to the earnings of the State road.

As the statement of the profits made by the Western and Atlantic railroad suggested by the article in that paper was so preposterous, I did not deem any notice from me necessary, but as the article has been republished in your columns and in those of other papers in the state, which is calculated to mislead the public, I think it not inappropriate that I correct some of the erroneous impressions produced upon the public mind. Before proceeding, however, I will remark that the lessees of the State road did not take the lease and give a bond of $8,000,000, binding themselves to pay into the state treasury $300,000 per annum whether they made it or not, as a simple charity to the public. While they never expected to make very large profits, they did expect to make money out of it. No sensible body of men would have assumed so heavy a responsibility without a reasonable prospect and expectation of making something in return for their efforts and labor, and for the great benefit bestowed on the people by lightening their taxes $300,000 per annum for the use of a piece of property that had (taken for the whole period the state had run it) been a heavy expense to her, and I believe I express the true feeling of the great mass of honest, fair-minded men when I say that they expect and desire to see the lessees prosper and realize a handsome profit. To this rule I am aware there are exceptions. Some men are controlled by their interest, as in the case of such politicians as desire the road in the possession of the state again, that they may manipulate it to their advantage. Others have a prejudice against the lessees, others may be a little envious, but they are, I am persuaded, a very small minority of the people of Georgia.

But to the statement of the News, republished by you, as to the enormous profits of the lessees, I have to reply that I did not state that the lessees had made $600,000 the past year. I did not state that the gross income of the road was $1,460,000, or that the total expenses of the road were only $800,000 the last year. Neither of these statements was made by me, as reported in the News, and neither is true.

The gross earnings, as stated by me, were $1,344,932.76, and the gross expenditures $810,284.90. To this add the $300,000 rental paid the State, and our total expenses were $1,110,284.90—leaving a difference of $234,647.86. Of this sum $92,000 was paid on the coupons of the income bonds, and the balance was applied to the payment of the indebtedness of the company, which was incurred for equipment and construction during the first three years of the lease, and after the applications of the whole amount which is alleged to be profits, the company was still indebted in a sum of over $130,000. No stockholder in the lease received a single dollar of cash dividend, in any manner or form, directly or indirectly, for the first three years of the lease. The stockholders did receive $40,000 to the share of income bonds of the company, with no security whatever for the payment of a single dollar on the bonds, but the chances of making the money out of the profits of the road to meet the bonds. As the charter made no provision for stocking the lease, but simply divided into shares, the income bonds were issued to stand in the place of stock, with no security for the payment of either principal or interest, unless the money was made out of the income of the road. In other words if we made the money, we were to pay the coupons in the nature of dividends, if not, we got nothing, and, as already stated, not a dollar was paid to any stockholder for the first three years of the lease, and the money was borrowed with which the coupons were paid the fourth year. In other words, we were indebted over $130,000 for borrowed money to equip and repair the road when we paid $92,000 of the coupons on the income bonds. If we had paid our debts for borrowed money before we paid the amount of coupons above mentioned, not a dollar would have been received by any lessee the fourth year of lease, and our debt at the beginning of the fifth year would have been about $40,000. But, as the lessees were impatient to realize something, it was decided to carry the debt of over $130,000 and pay the $92,000 on income bonds. This is the whole amount paid to the lessees for the first four years. Divide the $92,000 by 4, and you have $23,000 per annum paid to the lessees for the first four years, or $1,000 per annum to each lessee holding one of the 23 shares. This was the whole amount paid to the lessees for the first four years of the lease, and I will hear remark that we are still carrying and paying interest on over $120,000 of indebtedness for money borrowed by the company.

The article published in your paper charges that I, in my speech, "let the cat out of the bag." If I did not do so then, I have now, for I have stated the facts just as they exist, and I am willing to leave it to the people of Georgia whether $1,000 each to the lessees is an unreasonable income for each year of the lease, in view of the responsibility they have assumed, and the large sum of $300,000 which they save to the state annually, as compared with the political management of the road.

But it may be asked how it is that the incomes of the fourth year appear so large as compared with previous years. The reply is that the president and the executive committee, having found the road in wretched condition when they took charge of it, wisley decided to put all its earnings into repairs and equipment till the road should reach first-class condition. This they did. During the three years they purchased and laid down on the track seventy-four miles of new iron and steel rails, and they purchased fifteen new engines and rebuilt four others, making them about as good as new, and purchased 328 new cars and rebuilt a large number of old ones. This put the road in good condition. During the fourth year there was laid down on the track 22⅔ miles of new iron, but not a new engine was purchased, one was sold, and no new cars were purchased, though some old ones were rebuilt. Now, as the life of an engine in use is about 15 years, of a car about 10, and of iron on the state road about 6, it is easy to see that we could make a better show of profits while all we had purchased was new or nearly new, than we can when the new rails, new cars and new engines get so much worn as to need heavy repairs. To be more explicit, we made these heavy improvements, in a great measure, with borrowed money, and while they are new and need little repairs we are endeavoring to make the money pay the debt by the use of them. When they get worn we must make extensive repairs at heavy expense before we can derive any profits.

No one can estimate the value of a share in the lease by what appears to be the income for any single year. The only way to get at it is to take all the twenty years of lease and deduct from it all the expenses of any character, no matter whether it be for the purchase of new engines or cars, the building of new bridges, new depots, or of whatever character it may be, and see what difference there is, if any, in favor of the income, and then divide that by twenty years. In this way alone can the income for each year be correctly arrived at. If a debt is incurred for equipment one year, so as to lessen the expense of the next, and the income of next year is all applied to the payment of the debt, nothing is realized as profits.

The reply is they were not pertinent to the issue I was then discussing. I was then comparing the aggregate and details of management of the state road with the Georgia road for the previous year, to show that the opposition to the management of the Georgia road (an equal share of responsibility in it with its able president and intelligent local superintendent I admitted for myself) was doing us injustice in the comparison attempted to be made by anonymous writers between that road and the State road for the preceding year, and I only deemed it necessary or proper to refer to such points as illustrated that issue. I state that the Western and Atlantic road is admirably managed. The reputation of Governor Brown, its president, as an able financier and executive officer needs no comment from me. All admit his ability, and all admit that Gen. McRae, its superintendent, has managed his department with much skill, ability and success. But the same may be said with equal truth of the ability and success of Judge King and Col. Johnson. This was the issue I was discussing, and I only used such facts as, in my opinion, fairly met the question. The opposition through the newspapers and otherwise had sprung the comparison, and I only desired to do justice to all the gentlemen above mentioned.

I did not deem it proper, on that occasion, to say more about the lease of the State Road: but as the newspapers and the public have manifested great interest in our affairs, I have nothing to conceal, and I therefore trouble you with this communication, giving a frank statement of our incomes, as lessees, for the period we have passed through, embracing the first four years. In the present depressed condition of the country it may well be questioned whether our success for the remainder of the lease will be more satisfactory. I hope it may, but, as I cannot penetrate the future, I must wait for results. One fact will be admitted by all—that the leading roads of the south, most favorably located and managed by men of first-class ability and enlarged experience, have, with scarcely an exception, been obliged to suspend the payment of dividends to their stockholders, owing to the stringency of the times and the competion growing out of their increased number. How, then, I ask any man of common sense, can the State Road of 138 miles in length, with more curves and bridges than any other road of its length in the south, be made to pay a dividend or rental to the state of $300,000 per annum out of its net earnings, over and above all working and other expenses, ordinary and extraordinary, and, in addition to this, to pay the lessees another dividend of $600,000 per annum, or any other large sum, from a gross income of $1,344,000? The statement is too preposterous to need comment. All intelligent people see at once that it is not possible, no matter how effective its management may be.

As the facts have been so grossly perverted by the persons desiring to produce a popular prejudice against the lessees, and as the unfounded statement to which I have referred, and the misrepresentation of my speech at Augusta, have been copied into several newspapers in the state, I will thank each paper which has published or referred to the same, or any other paper willing to do so, to publish this reply, that the people may know the facts in the case.

E. W. COLE.

CIVIL RIGHTS.

Fourteen Negroes on a Rampage.

[Monroe Advertizer.]

On Sunday last a large party of negroes from Forsyth went to Barnesville to attend some religious meeting. Extra cars were furnished for their accommodation, but this did not satisfy some of the "hifalutin niggers," who desired to ride in the coach set apart for the white people. Fourteen of the negroes took seats in this car on their return, and occupied them until they reached Forsyth. Conductor McLendon endeavored to pursuade them to go to their own cars, and thinks they would have done so had it not been for the interference of one of the number who told them to keep their seats, that they were entitled to do so. We presume that the conductors of the road are instructed not to use force to put negroes out, and consequently they were allowed to ride the whole distance in the first-class car.

We have learned the names of the fourteen who put on these airs, and we call upon our citizens to refuse longer to give them employment. If they insist on having some imagined rights, to the inconvenience and discomfort of white people, they should be dismissed from service and allowed to shift for themselves. The civil rights bill has been decided by every judge, before whom a case has been heard, to be unconstitutional, and the negroes really have no such rights as they fancy they possess.

We had hoped that the negroes of Forsyth would have had the good sense to recognize their dependence upon the white people and conduct themselves properly. But they have acted in a shameful manner, and if we cannot control them in any other way they should be starved out.

Here is a list of the names of these troublesome pests, and it remains to be seen if the white people will longer furnish them their meat and bread:

Robert Washington, John Jones, L. Blount, Rippin Dewberry, F. Bishop, J. Horten, E. Dewberry, Harriet Dewberry, Gus Evans, William Dunn, Martha Wing, Henry Goodwyn, Scott Hollis, Martha O'Neal, Enoch Winn.

Bob Washington and his wife were the only negroes that occupied seats in the white people's car on the up train.

The Leading New England Paper on General Lee.

[From the Boston Advertiser.]

The Life and Campaigns of Gen. Lee, first published in France last year, have been translated and republished in England, and are attracting some attention there. The hero of the book was one of the interesting characters in a most interesting period of our history; and there will always be a fascination in memorials of him, especially when written by those who knew him intimately and admired him unreservedly. It does not impair the interest of a book like this to know that it is essentially one-sided; nor at this distance from the events described to be reminded on every page, from title to colophon, that the subject of it was always right and his adversaries always wrong. If it is possible to forget for the time being the issues of the conflict which placed him among the historic figures of his generation, one cannot fail to admire his heroic and unselfish character. And we can well understand with what a chivalrous and knightly beauty it must be invested in the eyes of those who sympathise with the hopeless cause for which he gallantly sacrificed himself. * * * * * *

In spite of them the book has great merits, and will be read, not indeed as a contribution to history, but as an admiring tribute to a marked character in our annals by one who knew him only at his best. It will offset much partial criticism that may have been written on the other side, and in that way contribute to the true estimate which will finally be placed upon its hero.

"For ever the truth comes uppermost,
And ever is justice done."

Evarts' Closed.

[By telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, June 9.—Mr. Evarts closed his argument yesterday evening at 6.45. He was particularly severe upon Tilton and thanked the jury for their patience, and complimented them for having done their duty as citizens.

Boiler Explosion.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

LEE, MASS., June 9.—The boiler explosion yesterday damaged Smith's paper mill. Loss $25,000. Two men killed and 14 injured.

The Sultan of Zanzibar.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

LONDON, June 9.—A steamship with

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.

HAPPY RELIEF FOR YOUNG MEN from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 N. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.—an Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. jan15—d&w3mo

THE THOMPSON HOUSE,

AND

45 WHITEHALL, AND 60 & 62 BROAD ST.

R. G. Thompson begs to inform the citizens of Atlanta, and the traveling public generally, that he has had the above-named house thoroughly renovated and newly furnished, and is now prepared to receive boarders, either transient or permanent, at moderate rates. Rooms by the day, week or month. The table is provided with every delicacy of the season, and the cooking cannot be excelled by any house in the city.

Ice Cream Parlors.

In connection with the house, I have fitted up two parlors, fronting on Whitehall street, for the sale of Ice Cream during the coming season. The special attention of the ladies is called to these parlors. My reputation as proprietor of the Cafe, in the Capitol building, some six years ago, being a guarantee that they will be conducted in the best possible manner. Mrs. Thompson will pay special attention to the Ice Cream Parlors, and will see to it that the wants of ladies and children are promptly supplied. The Ice Cream Parlors will be kept open during the summer season from ten o'clock in the morning to midnight, and on Sundays from twelve o'clock noon to eleven o'clock p. m. R. G. THOMPSON.

may1—d1mo

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE.

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BANKS.

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA. F. M. Coker, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted. Deposits received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit. ☞ Agents for the Inman and Cunard Steamship Lines. ☞ First-class and steerage tickets at lowest rates. july 4-d1y

JEWELERS.

WILLIAM BOLLMAN, DEALER IN Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, etc., Spectacles and Eye Glasses. No. 9 Whitehall street, near Railroad Crossing, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing done in good style and warranted. may15—

THE DIXIE PUMP.

G. L. GREESON, Manufacturer of the Dixie Pump, the best and cheapest wooden Pump now made. It is a Southern production, of Southern material. Liberal inducements offered to the trade. Send for price list. Address G. L. GREESON, Charlotte, N. C. may 1-d1y

HOTELS.

READ HOUSE, CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE. If you desire first-class accommodations be sure to stop at this House. W. M. LEWIS, W. G. GANT, Clerks. june28—dtf

THE LANIER HOUSE, Macon, Georgia, B. Dub, Proprietor. Good accommodations. june5—dtf

BARTOW HOUSE, Cartersville, Ga. P. S. Shelman, Clerk. dec4-dtf.

B. F. COLLINS, PROPRIETOR OF the DAWSON HOTEL, Dawson, Georgia, thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The traveling public will find this establishment, under the present management, a first-class hotel. dec6-dtf

PULASKI HOUSE, Johnson Square, Savannah, Ga., S. N. Papot & Co., Proprietors. Pleasantly located. The only hotel in the city facing south, (which is of great importance in this climate,) with a frontage of 273 feet. The best and most comfortable hotel in the Southern States. Kept strictly first-class in all its departments. july5-dtf

GAINESVILLE HOTEL, GAINESville, Georgia. If you desire first-class accommodation be sure to stop at this house. J. J. Gaines, Proprietor. F. L. Hunter, Clerk, formerly of the New Orleans Hotel, New Orleans, La. jan31—d3m

STOP AT McCOMBS' HOTEL, MILLEDGEVILLE, GA. ☞ Free Hack meets all trains. C. G. WILSON, Proprietor. apr4—dtf

NELMS HOUSE, GRIFFIN, GEORGIA, BY MRS. A. M. NELMS. Near Passenger Depot. Rates of Board per day, $2 50; Single Meal, 75 cents. [dec11-tf

PALMETTO HOUSE, Spartanburg C. H., S. C. Located near center of the city. Renovated and new furniture. A. TOLERSON, Proprietor.

NORCROSS HOTEL. SUPPER HOUSE. BY MR. AND MRS. J. G. TRAMMELL.

Board, per day	$2 00
Board, per month	$25 to $30 00
Single meals	75 cents

jan1—dtf

NEW BRICK HOTEL. PYE HOUSE, FORSYTH, GEORGIA. By E. D. BROWN AND SISTER. RATES OF BOARD:

Per day	$2 00
Per week	10 00
Single meal	50
Single lodging	50

Rooms spacious and airy. Accommodation superior. Baggage transported to and from hotel free of charge. E. D. BROWN, Formerly of Milledgeville Hotel, Mrs. JULIA D. THWEATT, sep13—dtf Late of Columbus, Ga

BROWN'S HOTEL, E. E. BROWN & SON, Proprietors, MACON, GEORGIA. Opened January 1st, 1856. BOARD....$3 PER DAY. E. E. Brown & Son, Proprietors of this popular Hotel, would inform their numerous friends that on and after the first day of September next the rates will be reduced to THREE DOLLARS PER DAY. The Proprietors would respectfully return their grateful thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to the house for near twenty years, and assure their many friends that we will use our best endeavors for the future to give the same satisfaction that we have in the past. Every attention given to ladies and families, and large rooms always ready for commercial travelers visiting Macon. Respectfully, aug30-dtf E. E. BROWN & SON.

FALLS HOUSE, TOCCOA CITY. This spacious hotel, having been finished and newly furnished throughout, is now open for the accommodation of the traveling public. Mr. Thomas Little, formerly of Gainesville Hotel, at Gainesville, Ga., will be pleased to see his numerous friends, and all the rest of mankind, at his hotel. No expense will be spared to make guests comfortable and at home. THOMAS LITTLE, may25—dtf Proprietor.

KNIGHTS OF JERICHO, THROUGHout all parts of Georgia, residing in places where there is no Lodge of the above named Order, will confer a favor by putting themselves, as soon as possible, in

ODD FELLOWS' DIRECTORY.

CENTRAL LODGE, No. 28, meets every Tuesday night, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street. FRANK T. RYAN, N. G. T. A. GRAMLING, Secretary.

BARNES LODGE, No. 55, meets every Friday night, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street. JOHN B. LANGLEY, N. G. THOS. J. BUCHANAN, Secretary.

CAPITOL LODGE, No. 60, meets every Thursday night, in Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Broad and Mitchell streets. JOHN B. GOODWIN, N. G. G. H. GILBREATH, Secretary.

SCHILLER LODGE, (German) No. 70, meets every Monday night, in Knights of Pythias Hall, Peachtree street. A. ABRAHAM, N. G. MOSES ADLER, Secretary.

EMPIRE ENCAMPMENT, No. 12, meets the 2d and 4th Wednesday nights in each month, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street. J. A. GRAMLING, C. P. W. R. BARROW, Scribe.

MIRIAM LODGE, D. of R., meets the first Wednesday in each month, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street. J. D. HOLMES, N. G. J. C. WATKINS, Secretary.

LAWYERS.

LOCHRANE & MILLEDGE, ATTORneys at Law, Atlanta, Georgia. The undersigned have formed a copartnership for the practic of law, in all its branches, in the several Courts of this State. Office, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, opposite Kimball House. Office hours, from 9 to 1, and 2:30 to 5:30. O. A. LOCHRANE, may9-dtf JNO. MILLEDGE.

MATT. H. SANDWICH, ATTORNEY at Law. Thomaston, Georgia. Commercial collections. Practices in the Courts of Georgia. May 8, 1875—d1y

WM. B. GUERRY. DUPONT GUERRY. GUERRY & SON, ATTORNEYS AT Law and Solicitors in Equity, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Superior Courts of Sumter, Schley, Macon, Dooley, Lee, Terrell, Webster and Marion counties; in the Supreme Court of Georgia and the United States Courts at Savannah. dec18, '74—d1yr

L. T. DOWNING, ATTORNEY AND Solicitor. Practicing in the State Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, Georgia, and in the United States Courts. Also, United States Commissioner and Register in Bankruptcy. Office, over Brooks' drug store, Columbus, Georgia. mar10,'75—d12m

JAMES A. HARLEY, ATTORNEY AT Law, Sparta, Ga. aug9—d1y

HENRY D. CAPERS, ATTORNEY and Counselor at Law, Atlanta, Georgia. Office—No. 30 Kimball House. nov7—dtf

HENRY L. PATTERSON, ATTORNEY at Law, Cumming, Forsyth county, Georgia. Will practice in all the Courts of the Blue Ridge Circuit, except Cobb. Special attention given to looking after Wild Lands and to the collection of claims. april1, 1875—d12m

DUNCAN H. BURTS, ATTORNEY AT Law, Columbus, Georgia. Will practice in the Superior Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, the Supreme Court of the State, and the United States at Savannah. mar10,'75—d6m

A. C. McCALLA, Attorney at Law, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Courts of Rockdale and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. may24-d1y

D. D. McCONNELL, ATTORNEY AT Law, Acworth, Cobb county, Georgia. Collections a specialty. sep6, '74—d9m

W. W. LUMPKIN, Attorney at Law, Union Point, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. Refers to P. W. Printup. june9—d1y

JASPER N. DORSEY, Attorney at Law, Gainesville, Ga. Will practice in the counties of Hall, Forsyth, Dawson, Lumpkin, White, and in the Supreme Court and Federal Courts at Atlanta. Special attention given to bankruptcy cases. july18—d1y

ANDREW SLOAN, Attorney at Law, Savannah, Georgia, will practice in the Superior Court of Chatham county, and in the United States Courts of the Northern and Southern Districts of Georgia. Special attention to collections. june20-d1y

T. C. BATTLE, Attorney at Law, Senoia, Coweta county, Ga. Will practice in the courts of Coweta, Fayette, Spalding, Meriwether and Clayton. Special attention given to collections. june11-dtf

J. L. DOYAL, Attorney at Law, Jonesboro, Ga. Will practice in Clayton and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. june11-d12m

T. J. LUMPKIN, ATTORNEY AT Law, Rising Fawn, Georgia. Will practice in the counties of Catoosa, Chattooga, Dade and Walker. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Refers, by permission, to Larkin Payne, Rising Fawn, Ga.; Rev. S. Cross, Rising Fawn, Ga.; A. D. Ditman, New York City, N. Y.; W. P. Rathburn, President First National Bank, Chattanooga, Tennessee.

A. C. GARLINGTON. J. D. ALEXANDER. GARLINGTON & ALEXANDER, ATtorneys at Law, Griffin, Georgia. Will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the United States District Court at Savannah and Atlanta, and elsewhere by agreement. Office in Cunningham building. feb24—d3m

WM. A. TIGNER, ATTORNEY AT Law, Jonesboro, Georgia. Office in D'Vaughn's building, up-stairs. Will practice in the counties of Clayton, Henry and Fayette. jan16, '75—d1y

W. S. JOHNSON, ATTORNEY AT Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office on west side Wall street, 60 yards southwest of the court house. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. June 5, 1875—d12m

B. M. TURNER. A. A. MURPHEY. TURNER & MURPHEY, ATTORNEYS at Law, Barnesville, Georgia. Refer to the Barnesville Savings Bank; Powell & Murpheys; Stafford, Bialock & Co.; W. R. Murphey & Co., Barnesville, Ga.; and Farley, Powell & Co., Savannah, Georgia. jan13, '75—d1y

J. A. ANSLEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections. oct15,'75-d1y

J. A. HUNT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court and in the United States District Courts at Atlanta. aug19, '74—d1y

ROBERT B. TRIPPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Cartersville, Georgia. Office (with Abda Johnson) in Court House. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him, in any locality of Northern Georgia, whether contiguous to or distant from the railroad. sep25, 1874—d1y

J. L. JANES, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Dawson, Georgia. Will practice in the Pataula and Albany Circuits. Elsewhere by special contract. Refer to Col. E. Y. Clarke, Hon. O. A. Lochrane, Rev. E. W. Warren. apr4, '57—d6m

BENJ. W. BARROW. HENRY W. BARROW. BARROW & BARROW, LAWYERS, Milledgeville, Georgia. Will practice the Courts of Middle Georgia, and attend regularly the courts of Hancock, Washington, Wilkinson and Putnam. January 1, 1875—d1yr

H. P. LUMPKIN, ATTORNEY AT Law, LaFayette, Walker county, Georgia. Will pay prompt attention to the collection of claims and all business entrusted to his care in the several Courts for the counties of Walker, Catoosa, Chattooga, Dade, Floyd, Gordon and Whitfield. Refers, by permission, to W. A. Hemphill & Co., Proprietors Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.; John H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. C. D. McCutchen, Judge Superior Court, Cherokee Circuit, Dalton; Ga., Hon. J. W. H. Underwood, Judge Superior Court, Rome Circuit, Rome, Georgia. mar26, 1875—d6m

DANIEL S. PRINTUP, ATTORNEY AT Law, Rome, Georgia. Will practice in the United States and Superior Courts of the State. may2, 1875—d1y

HACKS.

GAINESVILLE AND DAHLONEGA HACK LINE. Leaves Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega at 6 o'clock P. M.

Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train. Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to Porter's Springs or other points, upon reasonable terms. aug31—dtf

DENTISTS.

DR. S. G. HOLLAND, Dentist, formerly of Augusta, Ga., has permanently located at No. 50 North Broad, junction of Luckie and Peachtree streets, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. jan 11-tf

DR. E. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlain & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. jan 7-dtf

L. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, No. 47 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga

DOCTORS.

DR. JNO. S. WILLSON, AFTER 29 years experience, tenders his services to the citizens of Atlanta. Office hours, 7 to 9 A. M., 12 to 1, and from 3 to 5 P. M. Office rooms, Nos. 6 and 8 in Powell building, junction of Peachtree and Broad

BOARDING HOUSES.

WOODS HOUSE, RINGGOLD, GEORGIA. House neat and clean. Ringgold is noted for its fine society, good water and health. The Catoosa Springs, with its various mineral springs, within four miles, nice drive, good livery accommodations, beautiful mountain scenery. Inducements offered to families. W. A. WOODS. may15—dtf

THE "VIRGINIA HOUSE," NEWNAN, GEORGIA. Will be conducted, in future, a select boarding house. Prof. Wm. Wells will still attend to the wants of boarders or guests. E. C. YANCEY.

BOARDERS WANTED—MRS. E. A. Jones, 53 Broad street, up stairs. Boarding and Lodging. Rates reasonable. Fare good. apr29—d1m

TRAVELERS, And those desiring Good Board, can be accommodated by stopping at MRS. C. S. DORSEY'S BOARDING HOUSE, Broad street, ATHENS, GEORGIA. [apr4—dtf

SUMMER RESORTS.

CENTRAL HOTEL, ADAIRSVILLE, BARTOW COUNTY, GEORGIA. Large three story brick building. Rooms large and airy. Is located 69 miles north of Atlanta, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, in the most healthy portion of the South. Will receive 25 or 30 visitors for the summer, at $25 00 per month. Fine Chalybeate water close by. JOHN C. MARTIN, june4—dtf Proprietor.

THE CALHOUN HOTEL. This splendid Hotel having been recently repaired and furnished, is now open for the accommodation of the traveling public. It is located in Calhoun, a beautiful town, 80 miles north of Atlanta, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad. Good water and pure mountain breeze. No expense will be sparded to make guests comfortable and at home. Great inducements offered to pleasure seekers, MRS. A. I. SKELLY, june4—dtf Proprietress.

SUMMER AND WINTER RESORT! KENNESAW HOUSE, J. Q. A. LEWIS......Proprietor. MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

Marietta, a beautiful little city, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, situated near Kennesaw Mountain, famous for its refined society, pure water, salubrious climate and bracing atmosphere, recommends itself to those who desire HEALTH AND PLEASURE. The "Kennesaw House" has the well earned reputation of being the 'BEST" in North Georgia. Everything is in first class style, elegantly furnished, regardless of expense, while the accommodations and fare are excellent.

TERMS—Board per month, $40 00; board per week, $15 00, day board, $3; children under 10 years, and servants, half the above rates.

At a convenient distance from the Hotel, is a number one Livery Stable, kept by Mr. J. A. G. Anderson, where elegant Phætons, Carriages, Buggies, etc., and fine Horses, can be had at a moment's notice, and at moderate prices. june2-dtf

THERE WILL BE OPENED, AT Clarkesville, Georgia, on the 1st of June, 1875. By MRS. ANGUS McALPIN, a large, first-class PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE. The House newly painted and furnished; very best Cooks, first-class Servants in attendance; everything thoroughly clean, fresh, and comfortable.

TERMS—$30 per month for adults—half price for children and servants $25 per month, each, for gentlemen, more than two a room; by the week, $10; by the day, $2.

REFERENCES: Rev. Dr. I. S. K. Axson, Rt. Rev. Bishop Beckwith, General Joseph E. Johnston, Mr. Geo. S. Owens, Mr. Henry Hull, Gen. A. R. Lawton, Mr. W. W. Gordon. Dr. H. H. Steiner, Augusta; Rev. Dr. B. M. Palmer, New Orleans; Dr. I. Hendree, Atlanta; Mr. A. S. Izard, Dr. Daniel Heyward, Mr. Wm. C. Bee, Charleston. june9—d2w&w2t

RICHMOND HOUSE, NEAR DEPOT, and Branch House on Public Square, GAINESVILLE, GA. The Great Summer Resort for Health. Clean and comfortable beds, good and bountiful fare, prompt and polite attention. Free transportation for guests and baggage to either house on the Street Cars. Rates of Board, per month, $30; per day, $2; single meal, 50 cents. HUNT & BRO., Proprietors, Formerly of Southwest Georgia. may2—dtf

NEW HOLLAND SPRING. THIS FAMOUS SPRING, LOCATED on the Richmond and Atlanta Air-Line Railway, two miles from Gainesville, and fifty-five miles from Atlanta, has been leased for a term of years by the undersigned, who will be ready for the reception of guests on the

FIRST DAY OF JUNE.

As a place of resort for health and pleasure-seekers, this Spring cannot be surpassed. Possessing, as it does, waters acknowledged by all to have superior medicinal qualities; located in a mountaneous country, noted for its health-giving properties, with a cool, bracing climate—pronounced by the chief of a Geological Survey (under Jefferson's administration) to be the finest in the United States—easy of access, and with board to suit the stringency of the times, it offers advantages which recommend themselves to those who wish to find health, pleasure, and all the comforts of home

Since last season several new cabins have been erected, the original buildings renovated, and the grounds improved. My table shall be supplied with the very best, and everything in my power done to secure the comfort and enjoyment of my patrons. In proof of my ability and willingness to accomplish what I propose, I refer to the patrons of the Kimball House under my administration. These embraced the best citizens of the South, North and Northwest.

The usual accessions of Springs—Music, Ten-Pin Alley, Billiard Room, etc.,—will be found here.

The most important and enjoyable feature will be a bathing pool, 20 by 40 feet, that I propose to erect especially for the use of ladies to bathe and swim in.

Another feature, which will commend itself especially to invalids, is its accessibility, the depot being within three hundred yards of the hotel. Business men will be able to get their mail and telegrams regularly.

With a determination to please, polite and attentive clerks, well drilled servants, excellent fare, and good beds, I ask, and hope to receive, the patronage of my friends and the public generally.

For further particulars and terms, send for circular. Liberal arrangements will be made to families.

Address, for the present, W. M. NICHOLLS, Proprietor, may18—dtf Gainesville, Ga.

WARM SPRINGS, MADISON COUNTY, WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.

THESE SPRINGS are situated four miles from the Tennessee line, on the banks of the French Broad river, in the very midst of the highest ranges of mountains east of the Mississippi river, in a country generally known and truthfully called the Switzerland of America.

The Hotel accommodations are unsurpassed at any watering place or summer resort in the country.

The baths consist of large pools of a clear, powerful Mineral and Electric Water. Temperature 102 to 104 deg. Fahrenheit, which are wonderfully invigorating to all invalids, equalizing the circulation and stimulating the secretory organs; and will, in most cases of chronic and sub acute gout, rheumatism, dyspepsia, neuralgia, secondary syphilis, nephritic and calculous disorders, scrofula, cutaneous and many diseases peculiar to females, effect a radical cure. There is also a Cold Sulphur Spring near the Warm Springs, resembling very closely in temperature and color of deposit the Yellow Sulphur Spring of Virginia, with a sulphurous odor much stronger. These Springs are easy of access from all Southern cities, by all lines of railroads converging into East Tennessee, via Knoxville, Tennessee, to Morristown, East Tennessee.

Excursion or Round Trip Tickets are on sale to and from this place in all Southern cities at three cents per mile.

RATES OF BOARD.

Board, per month	$40 00
Board, per week	12 50
Board, per day	2 00

Children, under 10 and over 3 years, and colored servants half price.

J. A. SAMPLE, General Manager, For Warm Springs Company.

SUMMER RESORTS.

RICKS HOUSE, CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA. House new, clean and neat. Cartersville is noted for its fine society, good water, and for health. Rowland Springs—various mineral waters—situated within five miles, a nice drive, scenery unsurpassed. Inducements offered to families for the summer. apr24 dtf E. T. WHITE, Agent.

THE COUCHE HOUSE, Kingston, Ga., W. F. Roberson, Proprietor—would respectfully inform the traveling public that his large and spacious hotel is now open for the reception of visitors. He is prepared to accommodate several families. Board and lodging—rooms well furnished—$25 per month. Summer visitors would do well to give him a call. dec30—dtf

ATLANTA HOUSES.

A. J. DELBRIDGE, BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, Puts up work with a guarantee of fitting and giving satisfaction, No. 6 JAMES' BANK BLOCK, WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA. Work forwarded to any place by Express, or as may be desired. may11—dtf

GIFT CONCERT.

Splendid Investment

NO BLANKS.

Tickets Not Drawing Cash Gifts TO BE **REDEEMED IN LAND.**

$550,000 in Cash TO BE **GIVEN AWAY** IN THE FIRST DRAWING OF THE **East Line and Red River Railroad GIFT CONCERT,** AT **Jefferson, Texas,** THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1875.

EVERY TICKET NOT REDEEMED WITH A CASH GIFT WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE RAILROAD COMPANY AT ITS FACE VALUE FOR THE LANDS DONATED TO THE RAILROAD BY THE STATE OF TEXAS.

Cash Gifts Awarded at First Drawing

1 Cash Gift of	$100,000
1 Cash Gift of	60,000
1 Cash Gift of	30,000
1 Cash Gift of	20,000
1 Cash Gift of	10,000
10 Cash Gifts of $1,000 each	10,000
100 Cash Gifts of $500 each	10,000
500 Cash Gifts of $40 each	20,000
14,500 Cash Gifts of $20 each	290,000
15,115 Cash Gifts, amounting to	$550,000

Tickets	$20 00
Ten Coupons	2 00

DIRECTORS.

L. A. Ellis, of Ellis, Bagley & Co.
W. M. Harrison, President National Bank.
R. D. Gribble, President Citizens' Savings Bank.
W. W. Harper, of Goyne, Harper & Murphy.
J. P. Russell, of Russell, Rainey & Co.
T. M. Bagley, of Ellis, Bagley & Co.
T. G. Anderson, Secretary Life Association of America.
Dr. A. G. Clopton.
P. C. Ahern, Commission Merchant.
Ward Taylor, Jr., Editor D. and W. Jimplecute.
S. D. Rainey, Russell, Rainey & Co.

The East Line and Red River Railroad Directors have adopted this plan for the purpose of disposing of the 5,120,000 acres of land donated to the road by the State of Texas, and to make it available in building the road.

RESPONSIBLE **LOCAL AGENTS WANTED throughout the State.**

Address, DORSETT & CO., State Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

REFER, BY PERMISSION, to Swanson, Perkins & Co., New York; Meyer, Weiss & Co., New York and New Orleans; L. M. Rumsey & Co., St. Louis, Imbs, Meyer & Co., St. Louis; Briggs, Payne & Co., New Orleans; John Phelps & Co., New Orleans; Fulsom & Bros., New Orleans; Peel & Reed, New Orleans; A. Baldwin & Co., New Orleans; Grinnan & Duval, Galveston; A. J. Burke, Houston; Flosh, Lewis & Co., New Orleans; J. J. Busba & Co., Memphis; B. M. Johnson, banker, Shreveport, Louisiana.

For further references, full particulars and terms for tickets, send for circulars giving full information.

Remittances can be made either by express, bank check, or post-office money order, payable to order of the chief manager.

For further particulars, refer to home office ---- Merritt Burns, Selma.

A. G. CLOPTON, apr30—d2m Jefferson, Texas.

Foster's 2d Texas Drawing

$200.000 GOLD COIN! Houses and Lands! Positively the Last Postponement. Will draw, without fail, at Houston, Texas, June 30, 1875. We did not sell quite all our tickets in time to draw on the 13th of May; but so certain are we of success, and in evidence of our good faith and intentions, we will receive, in payment for Tickets, certificates of deposit in any first-class bank in the U. S., with this endorsement: "Payable only when Foster's Texas Drawing takes place." No Scaling of Prizes, but every one paid in full. Over 60,000 acres of choice land, centrally located near railroads. 17 houses, 2325 gold coin prizes among them one of $10,000, and one of $5,000. Our enterprise is endorsed by the City Council. Reliable agents wanted. Send for circulars. They will convince you we are both reliable and responsible. Tickets only $1; eleven for $10, and 23 for $20. No connection with any other similar enterprise. We are specially desirous that parties interested would write to the Banks, Merchants and Postmaster of this place (where we have lived 15 years), for information as to our reliability.

J. E. FOSTER, Manager, may18—d&w5w Houston, Texas.

DR. F. M. MADISON

HAS ROOMS at the National Hotel, where he proposes to treat BALDNESS **Free of Charge!** Our motto is, "No cure, no pay." Payable twelve months after date. Stops the hair from falling out in a few days. Cures dandruff and all scalp diseases in eight to twelve days. Do not fail to call upon him at once, and see for yourselves. [apr3-dtf

Prompt, Reliable, Successful.

WM. N. HAWKS, Fire Insurance Agent, No. 4 KIMBALL HOUSE.

REPRESENTS NON-BOARD COMPANies, and offers Special Rates on Dwellings and contents. Mercantile risks examined and rated from this office. The Companies I represent are not bound by any Schedule of rates, and I invite insurers to confer with me and obtain First-Class Insurance on fair and reasonable rates. Respectfully, WM. N. HAWKS, Insurance Agent, Atlanta, Ga. Company References—New York Bankers. Personal References—Dr. Jas. F. Bozeman, Major Campbell Wallace, General Alfred Austell. may16—d1m

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

WE are daily making new additions of new and desirable goods to our extensive stock of

Stable and Fancy Dry Goods.

We sell as Low as the Lowest.

We invite inspection and comparison with any and all sensational advertisers.

BOOTS & SHOES.

I. T. BANKS KEEPS THE BEST

Quality, and the greatest variety of Boots and Shoes ever made for the understanding of men, women and children. His goods are of the best material, and of the highest grade of workmanship, free from the shoddy composition contained in lower class goods, and

THE CHEAPEST

prices are guaranteed to all, who pay Cash. His stock of

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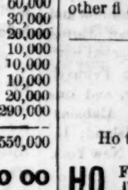
for Spring and Summer wear is ample and complete, and young ladies and gents can find no where

IN THE CITY,

goods that will fit so nicely, and make their feet look so pretty. He sells so low his Leven Calf that all Shoe-makers have to laugh when his prices are made known. His Hemlock Sole and White-Oak, too, are so dirt cheap they will not do any first-class work without it. The Harness-makers look surprised and with amazement open their eyes to find his harness priced so far below the quotations in Baltimore. Merchants, when goods are priced to them, see how duped they have been, by credit price, then whispering awhile in private talk, boldly proclaim THESE PRICES BEAT NEW YORK. His goods are low and they must go, if at prices they cost him; for he knows full well that he can sell his goods at lower figures than credit stores can presume to buy their goods in market.

Call at No. 67 Whitehall street and examine goods and prices. may23—dtf I. T. BANKS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



N. F. Burnham's TURBINE WATER WHEEL WAS SELECTED, 4 years ago, and put to WORK in the PATENT OFFICE, Washington, D. C., and has PROVED to be the BEST. 19 sizes made. PRICES LOWER than any other first-class wheel. Pamphlet free. N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa.

A FORTUNE! How to retain it and remain at home.

HO FOR THE BLACK HILLS! Combination forming. For the small outlay of $10 to $50, a fortune can be made. For particulars, address H. L. LOWMAN, Laramie City, Wyoming.

$5 TO $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male or Female Agents, in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars free. P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's. Philadelphia.

Advertiser's Gazette

A Journal of Information for Advertisers. Edition, 9,600 copies. Published weekly. Terms, $2 per annum, in advance.

FIVE SPECIMEN COPIES (DIFFERENT DATES) TO ONE ADRESS FOR 25 CENTS.

Office, 41 Park Row, N. Y. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Editors and Publishers. june1—d&w4w

CARPETS, &c.

CARPETS! WM. A. HAYGOOD, 21 Marietta, corner Broad Street, DEALER IN Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Curtains, Lambrequins, Shades and Upholstery Goods. Orders from a distance will meet prompt attention. mar23—dtf

Inman, Swann & Co., COTTON FACTORS —AND— **Commission Merchants,** COTTON EXCHANGE BUILDING, NEW YORK, —AND— **96 Bay St., Savannah, Ga.** may14—d30d



None Genuine except this Brand is on the barrel. A. C. LADD, Agent, oct18—dtf No. Broad St., Atlanta.

Important.

SPECIAL inducements in the way of Boarding and Lodging offered to country people, when they come to Atlanta. Be certain to call at the Boarding House

Daily Constitution.

The Largest Circulation, City, County and State—Defies Refutation.

General Traveling Agents:
T. M. ACTON. *H. H. PARKS*

ATLANTA:

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 10, 1875.

Georgia Press Association.

An adjourned annual meeting of the Georgia Press Association will be held at Atlanta on Wednesday, July 7, at 12 m. By order of

J. H. ESTILL, President.
J. R. CHRISTIAN, Secretary *pro tem.*

LOUISIANA will raise 200,000 barrels of rice this season, or twice as much as last year.

THE Appletons have offered General Sherman $60,000 for the copyright of his book.

MCCREARY and Harlan, the opposing candidates for governor in Kentucky, opened the canvass Monday at Hartford, Ohio county.

THE Emperor William has conferred the order of civil merit on George Bancroft, the historian, and Henry W. Longfellow, the poet of America.

JOSEPH BLACK, of New York, is the champion buzzard. He has been on a coroner's jury 232 times in one year, and the corpses are beginning to remonstrate.

ACCORDING to the investigations of Dr. McCosh, of Princeton, there are 8,497,815 communicants in the Presbyterian churches throughout the world.

M. ESCANDON, a Mexican billionaire, has had a colossal statue of Christopher Columbus, by Cordier, erected in front of the Palais de l'Industrie.

BECAUSE the supervisors of a California county voted themselves pay at $10 per day while in session, the taxpayers for miles around bounced into town one night and burned the courthouse.

THE Czar of Russia will soon receive a magnificent present from the corporation of London in the form of a casket weighing nearly seventy ounces, and composed of the finest gold and enamel. It is a souvenir of his London visit.

"WE read in de good book," says a colored brother down south, "of John de Baptist—nebber of John de Methodist." And that, says a Charleston correspondent of the New York *Observer*, is the reason most of the colored southern people are Baptists.

SHERMAN and SHERIDAN—the commanders of our armies—both Catholics. Sherman, whose antecedents and surroundings link him to the church of Rome, is invited to take part in the Ohio republican convention. Arouse ye, friends of liberty! See you not the evidences of a conspiracy to chain the American people to the bloody Pontifical chariot? What, ho, ye slaves! shake off your lethargy!—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

THE Methodists seem to be attaining great strength in Australia. The body has three conferences, and the peculiarities of the system seem to be very popular. Strange enough, the first Methodist preacher was a convict. He was under sentence of death in England for murder. He was converted, and was so clearly changed that through the intercession of friends his sentence was commuted to banishment.

TWENTY clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal church have left that communion and joined the Reformed Episcopalian during the past year. Three were connected with the diocese of Virginia, two with Pennsylvania, Pittsburg and Kentucky, and one each with Maryland, Tennessee, Alabama, Albany, Massachusetts, Long Island, Indiana, Colorado, Kansas, Central New York and North Carolina.

A WASHINGTON special to the Baltimore Sun says: The new attorney general has not yet been able to spare the time to acquaint himself with the merits of the Harper's Ferry controversy. It is considered, however, as very certain that the government will have to take back all the foundries on the Harper's Ferry property, which were knocked down to bogus bidders. The proposition that the government shall re-establish its works at this place meets with much favor. All of the southern representatives in the house will favor it, and it will be approved by the ordnance officers. Opposition, of course, will come from New England in the interest of the Springfield armory, but the superior advantages of Harpers Ferry are such that they cannot be disregarded.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATIONS.

These organizations are peculiarly liable to receive windfalls. When a Peabody or a Lick is ready to dispose of a large fortune, his mind seems to involuntarily turn to the advantages of books, and he is seized with a desire to benefit his race by founding or endowing a public library. Perhaps the man's strong common sense leads him to such a conclusion, or it may be that he exaggerates the value of books because his life has been too much absorbed in business cares to read them, but be the reason what it may, the fact remains that the large givers are now-a days very much disposed to bequeath handsome sums to libraries that are open to the people. This has long been so in the old world, and in the northern states of this country. The largest and finest library in the land, except the library of congress, is the gift of one man to the people of his adopted city—the Astor library.

A notable example of such bequests has recently occurred in this state. It is so fresh in the public mind that we need not mention the name of the lady who has made a portion of her money a perpetual blessing by giving it to the Georgia historical society. This bequest makes the institution a wealthy corporation, and enables it to extend its work so as to benefit not only the city of Savannah, but the rest of the great state as well. To it we are already greatly indebted. Stevens' history of Georgia is due to the existence of this society; and we are glad that steps were taken at its latest meeting to procure more information concerning our colonial history. What the society has done with limited means is probably but a prelude of what it will do now that it has an ample income.

Perhaps the strangest feature of such bequests is, that the institution which has received the most, or is the strongest, is commonly the recipient of further legacies. To the one that has much much shall be given, seems to be the rule. The man or woman who thoughtfully wishes to place books within the reach of the people would not naturally bequeath a large sum where it would be dissipitated or misapplied. And this probably accounts for the comparative scarcity of similar bequests in the south. There are few public libraries under the sunny skies, and still fewer that are well conducted and contain elements of perpetuity. We are, in fact, just beginning to appreciate, as a people, the value of such libraries as a means of popular education. But when they have been established, bequests have not been long delayed. Beside the one we have mentioned, the public library in Augusta has received, we believe, a considerable bequest that nearly, if not quite, makes it self-sustaining.

There is much in all these facts to inspire the managers of Atlanta's public library with courage and enterprise. No library in the south has a wider or more influential field; not one is so accessible to people from every county of the state; nor is there one that has a better foundation, or can point to a brighter career. If the managers will boldly add to its attractions the sense of solidity and permanency by giving it a capacious home of its own, we believe they will not have to wait long before some wealthy citizen, who has the good of all his neighbors at heart, will relieve it of all pecuniary embarrassments, and perhaps endow it in a mortal, while he secures to every household in the prosperous and increasing city the many advantages that literature presents. Courage and enterprise are now essential; the rest is sure to follow.

A QUESTION OF ECONOMY.

The water mains of the Atlanta water works company are now being laid along the principal thoroughfares of our city, and will soon be ready to distribute water thoroughly throughout their entire extent. As the hot summer season is almost upon us, when the ground becomes parched and grinds into omnipresent dust, which forces itself into the nostrils, eyes and ears of the pedestrian, into the doors and windows of residences and covers with impalpable powder the exposed goods and wares of our merchants, we beg to enter a suggestion.

In nearly all the leading cities of the country considerable attention is given to sufficiently sprinkling the streets during the dry and dusty season. Atlanta has much to gain by pursuing a similar liberal policy. Nothing can be more annoying to the home resident or the stranger than to encounter dust, dust, dust everywhere he goes in a city, and certainly nothing ruins the value of fine goods and merchandise more than to have it constantly exposed to the soiling, cutting, defacing action of the ever settling and accumulating nuisance. A system of street sprinkling, through the agency of well-made carts drawing their supplies at regular stations and covering certain prescribed sections of our system of streets, could be organized in Atlanta at a cost far below the actual damage done to the merchandise exposed to this destructive agency of dust. We assert this as a fact demonstrated in other communities, and say nothing of the largely increased comfort and attractiveness of our city thereby gained.

We are confident that the facilities presented by the operation of the water works for establishing this much needed improvement will be appreciated, and they be very few who would grumble at a reasonable expenditure in behalf of well sprinkled streets. We present the suggestion for what it is worth and commend the subject as one worthy the attention of our tax payers, merchants and authorities. As a question of very general, and particularly municipal, economics, it strikes us as worthy of prompt consideration.

THE three principal candidates for the democratic nomination for governor in Maryland are John Lee Carroll, Gov. Groome and ex-Senator Hamilton. The former is a great grand-son of Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, and resides on property owned by his family since the revolution. It originally comprised ten thousand acres, but additions have swelled it to twelve thousand acres—a most magnificent estate, in Howard county. Although Gov. Groome and ex-Senator Hamilton have many friends and are very popular, yet it is thought that Mr. Carroll's chances for the nomination are best. He is forty-five years of age, and is in the prime and vigor of life.

THE establishment of an ice factory on the plan of the one that Senator Jones is building in this city, has reduced the retail price of ice in Chattanooga from three cents to one cent a pound. The Chattanoogians are delighted with the new ice. They say ti is clear, hard, and fully equal to the best lake ice, and can be made as cheap, says the Times, as the same quantity can be cut out of the northern lakes and sold on the spot. This is pretty hard to believe, but we shall soon know whether it is strictly true or not.

THE work of changing the guage of the North Carolina railroad between Greensboro and Goldsboro is progressing without interruption of any kind. The legal resources of the enemies of an uniform southern guage were exhausted when Judge Schenck discharged President Buford. The capital is now connected with Atlanta by an uniform line of rails. For this the people of Raleigh should be thankful, and take back all their hard words against the movement.

GOV. PORTER has nearly perfected arrangements for the prompt payment of the July interest on the Tennessee bonds. The latter have considerably improved in price. This action of Tennessee's governor will help the credit of, not only his own state, but of the rest of the south. There is no good reason why Tennessee should not pay the interest promptly, and she certainly will if she knows what is best for her and her neighbors.

AN exchange says "Celia Burleigh don't see why girls shouldn't use jack-knives." To our mind they certainly should be free to use both jack-knives and tommy-hawks, provided they don't operate on young men who stubbornly refuse to get married when the dear creatures think they ought to.

AN Ohio judge was knocked down by a lawyer whom he had fined for contempt of court, which caused the judge to think he had been knocked down a great deal too cheap considering the decided amount of contempt subsequently displayed by the lawyer aforesaid.

ONE hundred and twenty Englishmen are going to Kansas to hunt buffalo, which is a half-dozen cockneys to every buffalo left on the plains of that state. But they can have lots of fun chasing the agile grasshopper.

WE desire to see a grand rally of Georgia journalists in Atlanta on the 17th. Arrangements will be made to make the expenses of the brethren as light as possible.

THE new word "brickety," invented by the Courier-Journal, is supposed to have been an inspiration with the member of its staff who gets "tight as a brick."

THEY say it is not polite "to talk while another is speaking," which explains the fact that very few ladies attend Andy Johnson's speeches—they can't wait until he gets through.

MR. DODGE is the man whom the whisky men of the first district of Missouri now have to dodge. If they do not guage his whereabouts pretty well he'll be apt to guage their fusil oil.

BRIGHAM YOUNG was kissed 4,468 times on his birthday last Monday, which makes honors about easy between him and Beecher on the osculatory business.

A LONDON paper has engaged Joaquin Miller to grind out its centennial grist next year, and he ought to be able to do it in a very flour-y style.

Labor War in Pennsylvania.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

WILKESBARRE, PA., June 9.—A secret meeting of the miners was held here yesterday and to-day. It has leaked out that they discussed the question whether they should continue to fight both Mr. Parrish and Mr. Gowan, and a strong feeling was manifested in favor of going to work for Parrish and sending aid to the Schuylkill mines, that they might continue the fight against Gowan, but the leaders were opposed to it. To-day Mr. Parrish had bills posted announcing that work would be resumed in the Diamond shaft, near Wilkesbarre, to-morrow, and all who desired to go in should let him know. Fifteen men only have applied. The posters created considerable excitement among the miners, and they threaten to prevent the resump-

THE LETTER BOX.

The Debate in Marietta.

Amusements in Bartow County.

University Eloquence.

Words of Cheer from Barnesville.

A Blonde Looking for Col. Whidby.

Our Special Correspondence.

Debate in Marietta.

MARIETTA, GA., June 8, 1875.

Editors Constitution: A very interesting debate took place at the court house last night under the auspices of the Young Men's Literary Association. This association is in a prosperous condition and is doing much good in our midst.

CITIZEN.

BARTOW.

Picnics, Spelling Bee, e c.

BARTOW COUNTY, June 7, 1875.

Editors Constitution: Our community had the pleasure last Saturday of enjoying a picnic and and a spelling bee all the same day.

After engaging in a very pleasant eight handed game of croquet, we were warned by the approaching cloud to repair to the nearest house from the grounds, Mr. Brannan's. When all the baskets of delicious nicnacks were soon spread upon a long dining table, and all were amply satisfied on the eating question, after which all repaired to Mrs. Brannan's elegant parlor to participate in a game of authors. A few hours being passed in this pleasant amusement, the crowd separated again to the ground, where another game of croquet was to be played. Quite a number amused themselves looking on for sometime, when it was suggested that we have a spelling bee.

In a very few moments a class was organized, and took their stand under a beautiful shady grove. Dr. Calhoun was chosen for the judge, and a representative of THE CONSTITUTION acted as schoomaster. Quite a number of words were given, and but few missed.

The seen was highly imitative of the old field school system, and afforded much amusement for all present. The day was delightfully pleasant, to all who attended, so much so that another picnic will be given in the same neighborhood soon. Respectfully

*

THE UNIVERSITY.

Debate of the Phi Kappa Society.

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA, June 5th, 1875.

The second intermediate debate of the Phi Kappa society occurred last night. The question for debate was: "Should the cotton states diminish the planting of cotton and increase that of grain?"

DEBATERS.

Affirmative—G. J. Zachry, Rockdale county; G. McDonald, Randolph county; S. G. Brinkley, Warren county.

Negative—F. L. Haralson, Union county; R. E. Mitchell, Gwinnett county; F. A. Ragsdale, DeKalb county.

Prof. H. C. White, president.

H. H. Tucker, jr., secretary.

Mr. Zachry opened the debate with a very forcible and well digested argument. His manner was easy and his ideas admirably expressed. Mr. Haralson presented the negative side with much energy. Mr. McDonald spoke fluently, and evidently after much and careful preparation. Mr. Mitchell made a capital speech, practical, full of common sense and to the point Mr. Brinkley broke the last lance for the affirmative in an elaborate and thoroughly digested address, which would probably have won the victory, but that Mr. Ragsdale followed on the negative with a powerful argument, in favor of king cotton, which, with the assistance of his predecessors, decided the question in favor of the negative side.

So we humbly trust that the farmers will turn a deaf ear to the advice of the newspapers, and consider the point of what they shall plant as definitely settled by the most competent authority the state affords.

PHI KAPPA MEDALS.

The election for the medalists in the Phi Kappa society occurred to-day, with the following results, viz:

Senior Medalist—J. A. McWhorter, Greene county.

Junior Medalist—S. G. Brinkley, Warren county.

Sophomore Medalist—S. J. Zachry, Rockdale county. *

BARNESVILLE.

General Gossip—The Favorite Paper—Picnics, etc.

BARNESVILLE, GA., June 8, 1875.

Dear Constitution: For by that name I will call you still, although long days and weary nights have passed since we last held converse. Nearly twelve months, since your quondam correspondent wrote a line for *the* paper of Georgia. What changes have occurred since then! But I greet your familiar face again, and promise to do better in the future. Fine rains have blessed our thirsty soil, wheat is being harvested promising more than an average yield; corn is luxuriating, a larger than usual breadth having been planted; "king cotton" is getting out the kinks and forming for an abundant yield of his precious staple; potato slips are being transplanted; our wives, daughters, sweethearts, unwilling to fetter the lords of creation with debt, are beautifully, tastefully and modestly arrayed in calico, consequently peace, happiness and plenty reigns supreme throughout our borders. Our people are generally, with the exception of now and then a sporadic case of dysentery, which so far has proven treatable in the hands of our skillful physicians, healthy. All these things conspire to make Barnesville the most desirable town in middle Georgia, and her surrounding country the happiest and best in the world. Since the list of subscribers to the News has been transferred to THE CONSTUTION, the *personale* of which was as respectable as that of any list in the state, it now numbers nearly *one hundred* subscribers here. Should its list increase for six months to come as it has in the last six months (thanks to its "Phat Boy"—Col. Acton) Barnesville will be entitled to the banner, and at least be entitled to a *special* correspondent. A Methodist Sunday school picnic is on the tapis, and the district Sabbath school convention is tabled for July at this place. By way of parenthesis—whisper it gently into the ear of Col. Whidby—that he will be expected to attend, and we know one "*brunette*" blonde that will throw wide open her father's humble cottage to him on that occasion. Last night a large crowd assembled at Granite Hall to discuss the feasibility of endowing Gordon Institute with $8,000, and while I am writing the people are voting upon an ordinance submitted to them by the city fathers. Should the bonds be endorsed by the people, Gordon Institute will at one bound shoot far in advance of similar institutions in the state, and cause General Gordon to feel proud of his pet namesake. Barnesville can well afford to endow her school. She is out of debt, has passed safely through the late financial crash, has a surplus in the treasury. She has had no bank suspensions, her mercantile interest healthy, proper, prudent, economical, yet enterprising, and should they vote for endowment, her bonds will be eagerly sought after by capitalists, for I tell you in advance, and you may depend upon it. Barnesville will never repudiate her bonds.

Gordon Institute is to-day the best school of its age in the state. It is officered by men of ability, and each of its departments are ably filled. The department of music is presided over by Prof. Clark, formerly of your city, which you know is a guarantee of success within itself. Education is a theme that angels might dwell with rapture upon, and just in proportion to its progress may we safely judge of the prosperity of any

Our people are anxious to see every child rich or poor thoroughly educated, and to secure this desired boon they, the wealthiest at least, are willing to be taxed for the purpose of endorsing Gordon Institute, the idea of the city. I will telegraph result of election when it is ascertained, probably in time to be incorporated in this article. Wishing THE CONSTITUTION may "live long and prosper," I am truly, your

OCCASIONAL.

The Opening of Tilton's Counsel.

[By telegraph to the Constitution.]

NEW YORK, June 9.—The Brooklyn city court room was packed this morning with spectators as it has never been before during the trial. The entrance of Mr. Beach, who is to deliver the closing address, was the signal for a storm of applause, which was with difficulty checked by the court officers. Ex-Judge Fullerton entered shortly afterwards, and was greeted with a similar ovation. The friends of the plaintiff were mustered in strong force, and scarcely a vacant space was to be found in the room and ante-room, and the corridors were thronged with dissatisfied persons who were endeavoring to gain admittance to the court room, where the plaintiff sat behind his counsel and was closely surrounded by the surging multitude. The throng was so great that Judge Neilson gave instructions to the officers in charge of the court to make arrangements to prevent similar occurrences in future. Beecher and his wife were absent when the proceedings began. The judge cautioned the audience to preserve the utmost silence.

Beach rose and said that at last Theodore Tilton had an opportunity to be heard in a court of justice, he having been overcome with calumnies. At the church investigation every one saw that Tilton and his witnesses were shut off from hearing, and it was no wonder that public clamor demanded that justice should be done to him in this unfortunate transaction. At this point Beecher and his wife entered the room, and took their usual places among the Plymouth throng.

Washington Notes.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, June 9.—There is no truth in the report of the additional $20,000 irregularity in the treasury. Spinner adheres that he hopes the $47,000 package will be recovered unless the notes have been destroyed. He does not credit the theory that a visitor stole the package.

Treasurer New is expected to reach here to-morrow. It is intimated that he will make some changes in the treasurer's office on the first inst. Several important changes are also expected in the internal revenue office on the first of July.

Senator Morton had a lengthy consultation with Attorney-General Pierpont to-day.

W. N. Hughes has been appointed postmaster at Columbia, Tenn.

The president has proclaimed the treaty for the extradition of criminals and fugitives from justice between the United States and the Ottoman empire. The treaty does not apply to any crime or offense of a political character, and neither of the contracting parties is bound to deliver up its own citizens.

Gen. James D. Webster has been appointed collector of internal revenue for Chicago.

Governor of New Hampshire.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

CONCORD, June 9.—The legislature met in joint convention to-day and elected Pearson C. Cheney governor.

CONCORD, June 9.—Both houses of the legislature met to-day, in joint convention for the election of a governor. A formal announcement of the vote at the March election was made. The ballot was then taken with the following result:

Whole number of votes 379, necessary to a choice 190, Harmon R. Roberts received 186, Parson C. Cheney received 193. Cheney was then declared elected, and the joint convention then rose. A special committee was appointed to notify Cheney of his election. At 12:45 P. M house adjourned.

Carlist Victory.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution]

LONDON, June 9.—The Carlist committee in this city announce that they have received intelligence of a great victory by Gen. Saballs over King Alfonso's troops, at Blanes, a seaport town of Spain, twenty-two miles south of Genera. After two days fighting the Carlists captured the guns and stores of the Alfonzists, and captured one hundred and forty prisoners.

MADRID, June 9.—Gen. Jovellar has gone to Valencia to assume command of the army of the center.

Lieutenant-General Prima D. Revera will succeed Gen. Jovellar as minister of war.

The Taxing of Benevolent Societies.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

CINCINNATI, June 9.—By a recent decision of the supreme court, the funds belonging to benevolent societies have been declared subject to taxation. In obedience to this decision the board in this city has sent citations to each society in the limits of Cincinnati, to show cause why they should not be taxed on their credits, &c. Masons, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, Redmen and all other societies heretofore exempt on the ground of charity and their securing public benefit, have been included in this summons.

The New Cable.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, June 9.—The representative in this city of the directors of the United States cable community, announces that the laying of this cable has been completed, and that communication is thereby established between Ireland and New Hampshire coasts.

The superintendent of the directors of the cable company report that the new cable is working well and the signals transmitted are perfect. The line is still in the hands of the contractors.

Shall Rome Have an Armory.

[By telegraph to the Constitution]

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Gen. Young to-day presented to the secretary of war a memorial from the citizens of Rome, Georgia, requesting that the Ordnance officers be directed to examine that locality with a view to establishing there an armory. The secretary directed Gen Bennett, chief of ordnance, to instruct the board of ordnance officers, now in the south, to visit Rome, and report as to the appropriateness of the locality for the purpose proposed.

Railroad Directors Meeting.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

BALTIMORE, June 9.—The regular monthly meeting of the directors of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad was held to day, and Mr. Garnett addressed the board at some length. What transpired, or what action, if any, was had in regard to the railroad war, has not been given to the press to-night, but it is stated by authority that the proceeding will be furnished the press to-morrow.

Another Boy for the Khedive.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW ORLEANS.—Col. D. F. Boyd, superintendent of the Louisiana State University, has definitely accepted the appointment of superintendent of the government military college near Cairo, Egypt, with a rank and pay of a brigadier general in the regular army of the Khedive.

The Sultan of Zanzibar.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

LONDON, June 9.—The Sultan of Zanzibar landed at Westminster this evening, and was received by a guard of honor. He will remain in England a month or more. The expenses of his visit will be defrayed by the British government.

Dismissed.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

GALVESTON, June 9.—Judge Morrill of the United States district court, heard the demurrer made by the attorney for the proprietors of the Galveston News this morning, and dismissed the contempt case against them.

The Weather.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, June 9.—For the south Atlantic and gulf states, stationary or falling barometer, northeast to southeast winds, warmer and partly cloudy

STATE SUPREME COURT

Decisions Rendered in Atlanta, Ga., June 8, 1875.

HON. HIRAM WARNER, CHIEF JUSTICE
HONS. H. K. M'CAY AND R. P. TRIPPE,
JUDGES.

Reported specially for THE CONSTITUTION by Henry Jackson, Supreme Court Reporter.

Samuel Walker vs. James Supple. Debt, from Baldwin.

WARNER, C. J.

This was an action brought by the plaintiff against the defendant on an alleged agreement to purchase from the plaintiff an account on one Jack Denson, for $249 99, for which the defendant promised to pay the plaintiff $180 00, which he has failed and refuses to do. On the trial of the case, the plaintiff proved that the contract or agreement, was in *parol*, and not reduced to writing, and whilst the plaintiff's witness was on the stand, in the midst of his testimony, defendant's counsel moved the Court to nonsuit the plaintiff, because the defendant did not promise in writing to purchase the account, and that the same was void under the statute of frauds. The Court sustained the motion and nonsuited the plaintiff. During the same term of the Court, the plaintiff made a motion to reinstate his case on the docket, on the ground that the nonsuit was improperly granted, and for other reasons stated in the motion, which was overruled, and the plaintiff excepted. By the 1,950th section of the New Code, to make a contract or obligation binding on the promissor, the promise must be in writing, signed by the party to be charged therewith, or some person by him lawfully authorized, when any contract for the sale of goods, wares and merchandise in existence, or not *in esse*, to the amount of fifty dollars or more, except the buyer shall accept part of the goods sold and actually receive the same, or give something in earnest to bind the bargain, or in part payment. As accounts are made transferable by our law, we think that a contract to purchase an account to the amount of fifty dollars or more, comes within the reason and spirit of the statute, and should be in writing. But it was error for the Court to have nonsuited the plaintiff until he had closed his evidence, for the reason that he might have introduced testimony which would have taken the case out of the operation of the statute under the provisions of the 1,951st section, which the Court could not have known until the plaintiff had introduced all his evidence and closed. A motion for a nonsuit is in the nature of a demurrer to the plaintiff's evidence, that is to say, admitting all the plaintiff has proved to be true, it is not sufficient in law to entitle him to recover. Inasmuch as the Court nonsuited the plaintiff before he had closed his evidence, it was error in overruling his motion to reinstate the case on that ground. Whether the plaintiff will be able to take his case out of the operation of the statute by the introduction of evidence for that purpose, we cannot tell, but he is entitled to have the opportunity to do so.

Let the judgment of the Court below be reversed.

Sandford & Furman, for plaintiff in error.

Crawford & Williamson; T. W. White; L. H. Briscoe, for defendant.

L. N. Callaway vs. Samuel Young et al. Rule, from Baldwin.

WARNER, C. J.

The plaintiff in a lien fi. fa., ruled the sheriff of Baldwin county, calling upon him to return the papers placed in his hands into Court, and show cause why he should pay to the plaintiff the money due on the fi fa. The sheriff answered the rule in writing under oath, which was not traversed, and returned the papers into Court, from which it appeared that a counter affidavit had been filed by a contesting creditor and the proceedings arrested. The Court, upon an inspection of the affidavit foreclosing the lien upon which the execution issued, quashed the execution, and discharged the rule against the sheriff. Whereupon the plaintiff excepted. It appears on the face of the affidavit of foreclosure of the lien, that the plaintiff had not averred therein a demand for the payment of his debt of the owner of the property levied on, and his refusal to pay, or that the lien was prosecuted within one year after the debt became due, as required by the 1,991st section of the Code, and that was one of the grounds upon which the contesting creditor attacked the plaintiff's lien on the property. The foreclosure of the mortgage was not a valid foreclosure on personal property, because it was not alleged that the defendant resided in Baldwin county, where the mortgage was foreclosed, at the date of the foreclosure, or where he did reside. We find no error in the judgment of the Court, on the statement of facts disclosed in the record.

Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

F. C. Furman; L. H. Briscoe, for plaintiff in error.

Benjamin W. Barrow, by brief, for defendants.

P. M. Compton vs. Henry Temples. Claim, from Baldwin.

WARNER, C. J.

This was a claim case, on the trial of which the jury found the property subject to the execution levied thereon. A motion was made for a new trial, which was overruled by the Court, and the claimant excepted. Although we think the weight of the evidence was in favor of the claimant, still, according to the repeated rulings of this Court, there was sufficient evidence to sustain the verdict, and as the Court below was satisfied with it, we will not control its discretion in overruling the motion for a new trial. The jury may have believed that inasmuch as Brake, the defendant, assumed the responsibility of the death of the mules when the bill of sale therefor was executed to Compton, that he did so, because he considered them his property, and not Compton's. This is not a tribunal to judge of the *credibility* of witnesses and decide as to the weight of their testimony, on the trial of issues of fact.

Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

Crawford & Williamson, for plaintiff in error.

D. B. Sandford, by Z. D. Harrison, for defendant.

Lightfoot & Flanders vs. Thomas M. Freeman. Rule, from Wilkinson.

WARNER, C. J.

This was a rule against the sheriff of Wilkinson county. The Court, on hearing the answer of the sheriff, which was not traversed, discharged the rule, and the plaintiffs excepted. It appears from the answer of the sheriff, that he had levied the fi fa. placed in his hands on the land of defendant, advertised the same for sale, and was proceeding to sell, when he was served with an affidavit of illegality by the defendant, in which he alleged that he had been adjudicated a bankrupt, that in his schedule of property returned to the bankrupt court, he had returned the land levied on and claimed the same as a homestead in that Court, as being exempt from levy and sale under said fi fa., that he, the sheriff, was unable to determine what he should do in the premises, and therefore returned the papers to be adjudicated by the Court, that he was desirous of performing his whole duty in the matter, and acted in the utmost good faith, and would have sold the land as advertised, but for the reason that he was wholly unable to determine what was his duty. The question is not whether the defendant's land is subject to the plaintiff's fi. fa., but the question is, whether the Court erred in holding that the sheriff was not in *contempt* of the process of the Court, in failing to sell the defendant's property, on the statement of facts disclosed in his answer. This case comes within the ruling of this Court in Heard vs. Callaway, decided at the January term, 1874, not yet reported.

Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

Blount & Hardeman, by brief, for plaintiffs in error.

J. G. Ockington; F. Chambers, for defendant.

Thomas B. Williams, ex'r, vs. Heirs at law of Daniel McDowell. Appeal, from Warren.

WARNER, C. J.

This was a motion for a new trial, on the ground that the verdict was contrary to law, contrary to the evidence, and because the court erred in refusing to allow the defendant to testify as to the circumstances under which the note, the subject matter of the suit, was made, and to explain how he came to return the note in his appraisement bill. The court overruled the motion, and the defendant excepted. It appears ... of Daniel McDowell, deceased, and, as such executor, was called on to account for the estate of the testator in his hands. It also appears that he returned to the appraisers of the testator's estate his own note for $1,000 00, and was charged therewith in his appraisement bill, and the question on the trial was whether he should account for the principal and interest due on that note, or whether, as he insisted, it was an advancement made by the testator to him in his lifetime. The jury found that he was liable for the payment of the note. The defendant was an incompetent witness to testify as to what took place between himself and the testator in relation to the note, but was a competent witness to testify and explain how he came to return the note in his appraisement bill; but the difficulty in relation to this point in the case is, that the bill of exceptions does not state what explanation he proposed to make or prove, so that this Court can judge of its materiality, if, indeed, such explanation, in view of the evidence in the record, would have been material. In our judgment, the evidence in the record is quite clear that this note was not an advancement, and was not so intended to have been by the testator, and whatever explanation the defendant might have given for charging himself with it in his appraisement bill could not have changed the legal status of the note and his liability to account for it as part of the assets of his testator. The verdict was right, under the evidence, and we will not disturb it for the alleged error in the ruling of the Court.

Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

W. A. Lofton; C. A. Bartlett, for plaintiff in error. Key & Preston, for defendants.

An Editor Dead.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

LANCASTER, June 9. — Edmund M. Kline, one of the editors and proprietors of the Lancaster Daily and Weekly Examiner, died this morning of heart disease.

Two Men Killed.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

STOCKTON, KAN., June 9.—A horse thief dodged behind a pony. He and Sheriff Ramsey had a desperate fight with pistols. The thief died immediately and the sheriff in an hour.

National Sportsman Association.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

CLEVELAND, June 9.—The national sportsman association re assembled this A. M The delegations are present from eighteen states.

TEN CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion.

☞ All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance; and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

A BOOK-KEEPER OR SALESMAN, OF several years experience in the city, with good reference, desires a situation. A. B. HART, Constitution office
june9—dwed-fri&sun

BOTH SIDES OF THE CATHOLIC QUESTION most ably presented in the BATTLE OF THE GIANTS; just issued. 607 pages, by Gladstone, Manning, Newman, Capel, Acton, and Cameys, of England, and Alexander Campbell and Archbishop Purcell, of this country. Truly a Battle of Giants, and clearly foreshadowing the Titanic Conflict that will soon Shake the World. Just the book wanted. 48 sample pages free. 5000 AGENTS wanted. Outfit only 50 cts. A clear field. No competition. C. F. VENT, Cincinnati, O.
may19—deod12t&w4t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

WE are daily making new additions of new and desirable goods to our extensive stock of

Stable and Fancy Dry Goods.

We sell as Low as the Lowest.

We invite inspection and comparison with any and all sensational advertisers.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.
june10—d3t

Notice in Bankruptcy.

THIS is to give notice that on the 19th day of April, A. D., 1875, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Perkins Fitzpatrick Cook, of Newnan, county of Coweta and State of Georgia, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his petition, and that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, is forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Virginia House (Hotel) at Newnan, Georgia, before Lemuel T. Downing, Esquire, Register, on the 3d day of July, A. D., 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M.

W. H. SMYTH,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
june10—d1t

COMMENCEMENT.

Masonic Notice.

ALL the Masonic Fraternity are respectfully invited to attend the commencement exercises of Furlow Masonic Female College on the FIRST day of JULY next.

The procession will leave Masonic Hall at 9 o'clock a. m., in charge of Americus Lodge, No. 13. All Master Masons in good standing are cordially invited to attend, and all Sir Knight's Templar are invited to appear in uniform at the same hour with De Molay Commandery.

We have the promise of return tickets for all who come by rail, and hotel rates at $1 50 per day.

J. E. HALL,
A. J. BUCHANAN,
P. R. STANFIELD,
Committee.

Americus, Ga, June 1st, 1875.
june10—dtf

NOTICE.

ATLANTA, GA., June 1, 1875.

I HAVE this day sold to Mr. W. S. WILSON, of Houston, Texas, my entire interest in the

COAL AND LUMBER BUSINESS.

The business will be continued by Mr John C. Wilson, who has been with me about two years and is well and favorably known with my customers.

I retire returning thanks for your liberal patronage extended to me for the past twenty-five years, and I earnestly solicit a continuance of the same to the new firm, feeling assured that they will endeavor to give satisfaction in every instance.

Very respectfully,
EDWARD PARSONS.
june10 –d1w&thensun&thur2w

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, June 9, 1875.

O. L. BEASE has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of a homestead of realty, and I will pass pass upon the same at 10 o'clock A. M. on the 21st day of June, 1875, at my office.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary,
june10—w2w Fulton county

VAN HORN HOUSE,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

M. D. VAN HORN............Proprietor.

The new Hotel just to the right of Passenger Depot. Elegantly furnished Rooms. Tables unsurpassed. Terms moderate. june10—d6m

In Bankruptcy.

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA SS At Atlanta, the 7th day of June, A. D., 1875.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate of John Deneen, in the county of Fulton and State of Georgia, within said District, who has been adjuged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court by said District. HOWARD VAN EPPS,
Assignee,
jun10—dlaw3w Atlanta, Georgia.

NO BLANKS.

SOMETHING WORTH what you pay for, best Kid Gloves, ever offered in this city, for 50 cents, worth one $1. Beautiful Prints 7½ to 10 cents. Linen Lawns, Grenadines, Percals, Muslins, Poplins.

Boots & Shoes,

of the best brands. Gents' Shirts of the latest styles. Having bought these goods for cash, we can compete with any house in Atlanta for bargains. Call at 77 Whitehall

FUNERAL NOTICE.

RICHMOND—The friends of J. L. Richmond and wife are invited to attend the funeral of their little son, Robert Henry, from their residence, corner of Walker and Stonewall streets, this morning at ten o'clock.

RICHARDS—Died, in this city, on the 9th instant, in the 71st year of his age, Robert G. Richards, of New York.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his son, R. H. Richards, No. 258 Washington street, to-day at 4 o'clock p. m. Relatives and friends of R. H. and W. G. Richards are respectfully invited to attend.

June 10, 1875.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAND OPENING.

A. M. LEWIN & CO.

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta, and the public generally, that they will open on the 10th instant, at

78 Whitehall street,

between Hunter and Mitchell, with a line of CHOICE

Family Groceries

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DELICACIES,

FINE

Wines and Segars.

best goods at the very lowest rates, and with a full endeavor to please at all times, we hope to receive a fair share of the public patronage. Very respectfully,

A. M. LEWIN & CO.
june6—dtje10

Tax-Payers' Notice.

CITY TAX COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
Atlanta, Ga., June 1, 1875.

I HAVE this day opened my books for the collection and receipt of city taxes. Persons paying now will be entitled to a discount of 2½ per cent. I hope that tax payers will avail themselves of the chance to save the discount, and at the same time relieve the city. J. O. HARRIS,
june2—dtf City Tax Collector.

REMOVAL.

FRANKLIN & EICHBERG

HAVE REMOVED TO

NO. 90 Whitehall Street.

They offer for sale

ITALIAN MARBLE MANTELS,

The celebrated White Mountain Freezers, a variety of Hanging Baskets, Fluting Machines, Baskets of all varieties, Garden Settees, Cages, Wooden and Willow Ware, the celebrated Farmers and Charm Cook Stoves, and Kerosene Cook Stoves, on hand. Roofing and all kinds of tin, copper, and sheet-iron work done as heretofore. Rubber hose, Pumps, Gas Fitting, Pipes for Water, Steam and Gas. Materials for Steam and Gas Fitters, Water, Steam, and Gas work, put up in any part of the South. may30-tf

TO THE CREDITORS

OF THE

Dollar Savings Bank.

YOU are hereby notified that, on application at our office, (and the production of your evidence of credit) on the 15th of June, instant, or any day thereafter, between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock a. m., you will receive a warrant or check for the 5 per cent. dividend declared by the Committee, and due you out of the Bankrupt estate,

M. A. CANDLER,
W. S. THOMSON,
Trustees Dollar Savings Bank.
Atlanta, Ga., June 8, 1875. je9—d1w

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

We have removed our

Fire Insurance Office,

TO

No. 3 Pryor street,

In front of Kimball House.

june9—dtf WALKER & BOYD.

TO THE CITY TAX PAYERS.

AT the last meeting of the Mayor and General Council they require of me, by ordinance, to open my books for the payment of taxes on the first day of June next, and to close them promptly on the twentieth day of August next. I am further ordered (in consideration of the fact that the Finance Committee will be compelled to pay about sixty thousand dollars interest on or about the first of July, and under the new city charter the committee can not borrow a dollar after that day, and as it is important, for the sake of the credit of the city, to raise the sixty thousand dollars on or before the first day of July), as a further inducement to tax payers to come up promptly, to allow 2½ per cent. discount on all taxes paid between the first day of June and the fifth day of July. I hope that all those who intend to take advantage of the 2½ per cent. will not wait until the last day, which will be the fourth of July, for it will be impossible for me to wait on them all, and yet I will have to close the books, and thus leave out many who might desire to pay. Respectfully, J. O. HARRIS,
Tax Receiver and Collector.
may21—d30th

Sealed Proposals

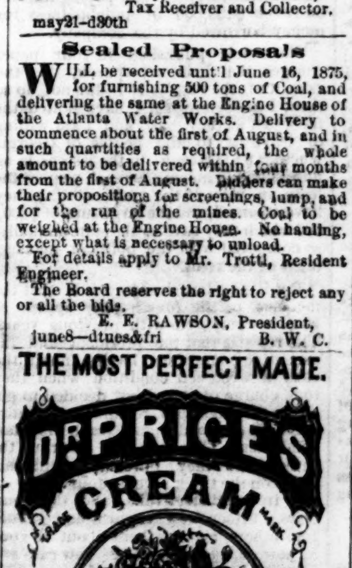
WILL be received until June 16, 1875, for furnishing 500 tons of Coal, and delivering the same at the Engine House of the Atlanta Water Works. Delivery to commence about the first of August, and in such quantities as required, the whole amount to be delivered within four months from the first of August. Bidders can make their propositions for screenings, lump, and for the run of the mines. Coal to be weighed at the Engine House. No hauling, except what is necessary to unload.

For details apply to Mr. Trottl, Resident Engineer.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all the bids.

E. E. RAWSON, President,
june8—dtues&fri B. W. C.

THE MOST PERFECT MADE.



LEMON SUGAR, ETC.

ONE THIRD IS SAVED

in quantity by their perfect purity and great strength; the only kinds made by a practical Chemist and Physician, with scientific care to insure uniformity, healthfulness, delicacy and freedom from all injurious substances. They are far superior to the common adulterated kinds. Obtain the genuine. Observe our Trade Marks as above, "Cream" Baking Powder, "Hand and Cornucopia." Buy the Baking Powder only in cans securely labelled. Many have been deceived in loose or bulk Powder sold as Dr. Price's.

Manufactured only by
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, St. Louis and Cincinnati.
may8—dtues-thur-sat&sun-wly

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ATLANTA, GA., May 27, 1875.

WE have discontinued our branch in this city, and JOHN H. HECKMAN is no longer in our employ.

J. G. TAYLOR & CO.

GROCERIES, FRUITS, &c.

Goods Delivered, Free of Charge, in any part of the City.

GRAND OPENING

Of the New Store of

A. M. LEWIN & CO.,

98 WHITEHALL,

Between Mitchell and Hunter Sts.

In making our bow of INTRODUCTION TO THE PEOPLE OF ATLANTA AND STATE, whom we hope soon to call our Patrons, we beg leave to state that we will

POSITIVELY OPEN

BY THE

15th inst.,

OR SOONER—delay of Freight having prevented us from complying with previous notices—one of

THE FINEST AND BEST

SELECTED STOCKS OF

Choice Family GROCERIES!

FINE

Wines and Segars,

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY OR STATE.

Our aim will be to cater to the taste and desires of our customers, and endeavor to

Please at All Times!

Twenty years experience, and sufficient capital to back us to buy for CASH, enables us to offer the

Very Best Goods

AT THE VERY

LOWEST PRICES

We shall keep everything that can be found in any first-class Grocery in the country.

We Guarantee Satisfaction

and hope, by strictly fair dealing to merit a share of the public patronage. Very respectfully,

A. M. LEWIN & CO.,
98 Whitehall Street,
June 10, 1875—dtf ATLANTA, GA.

Imported French and German Delicacies a Specialty.

CLEARING SALE.

DRY GOODS

YEARLY INVENTORY!

GREAT CLEARING SALE

BEFORE TAKING STOCK.

Furchgott, Benedict & Co.,

WILL OFFER FROM

June 1st, 1875,

THEIR LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

NOTIONS, CARPETS, MATTINGS, &c.

At a Reduction of 10 to 50 per cent

ON PREVIOUS PRICES.

BEST PRINTS Only 8 Cents.

* Buyers will * find it to their advantage to examine * our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere. * Samples sent on application. * Country orders Promptly and * Carefully Filled. All RETAIL * ORDERS, Over $10 sent * Free of Charge to * any part of the * country. *

BEST PRINTS Only 8 Cents.

Liberal Discounts to Wholesal Dealers. Remit per Express, Postoffice Order or Draft, payable to our Order.

Goods can be purchased at the same prices from

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.
275 KING STREET, CHARLESTON, S. C.

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.
BAY STREET, JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 10, 1875.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS, WM. MCNAUGHT & CO. See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for s ecimen of our "news." mar11-ly

Supreme Court Decisions.

The daily proceedings are reported for the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION by Henry Jackson, supreme court reporter. The decisions published in full every Wednesday morning. Immediately on the adjournment of the court, the decisions of the term are pub lished in pamphlet form, price $1 00 to subscribers of THE CONSTITUTION, to others $2 00 per copy.

GEORGIA REPORTS, volumes 46, 47, 48 and 49 can be had, new and elegantly bound, at a reasonable price, from W. A. Hemphill & Co.

Jennings & Ashley, 32 Broad Street,

Have a large supply of White Pine Doors, Blinds, Mantels, and Sash glazed and unglazed, at hard times prices. 8x10 sash, not glazed, 4c per light, glazed 8½c per light. 10x12, not glazed, 5c per light; glazed 13½c per light. 2-8x6-8, four panel doors, neat and strong, $2 00; 3x7, four panels, $2 25. 10x16 12 lt. Blinds, $4 00 per pair. All other goods in proportion. All goods warranted to give satisfaction. apr18-eodtf

Having made special contracts with the largest piano makers in the world, by taking large numbers yearly and paying cash for them, can, therefore, sell cheaper than any other dealers south. Call and examine our large stock at Turner, Braumuller & Barth's "Old" Southern Music House.

For the best and cheapest Head Light, Kerosene and Machinery Oils, and White Pine Doors, Windows and Blinds, go to MURDOCK, SIMONS & HILL, 13 Whitehall street. may26—dwed&suntf

New Advertisements.

Notice in bankruptcy—W. H. Smyth.
Ice cream—W. H. Royal.
Old southern music house.
Turner, Braumuller & Barth.
Grand opening—A. M. Lewin & Co.
The Masonic fraternity.
Foster's Texas drawing.
Notice to Air line stockholders.
In bankruptcy—Howard Van Epps.
Van Dorn House.
Exemption—Daniel Pittman.
Notice—Edward Parsons
Commencement of Furlow female college.
Dry goods—Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

Hon. A. H. Stephens the Orator.

The Arrangements and Programme for the Day.

At an informal meeting held in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday morning, for the purpose of making arrangements for the observance of the day. Monday, the 5th, was agreed upon.

The following named gentlemen were selected as a committee of arrangements: Sidney Dell, chairman, E. P. Howell, A. H. Colquitt, B F. Abbott, H. W. Grady, Henry Hillyer, Julius L. Brown, J. N. Dunn, W. J. Garrett, J. H. James, W. M. Lowry, E. Y. Clarke.

The following named gentlemen were selected as committee on invitations: Dr. H. V. M. Miller, chairman, Major George Hillyer, M. A. Bell.

Among other duties, this committee was instructed to invite

THE FEDERAL OFFICERS

who are in the city or at McPherson's barracks, to parti ipate in the ceremonies. They are also instructed to request the commanding officer at the barracks to have fired thirteen guns at dawning of the day on the 5th, also to have

THIRTY-EIGHT GUNS

fi ed at the conclusion of the ceremonies.

Major John A. Fitten was selected as marshal of the day.

THE PROCESSION

will form at 10 o'clock, in front of the capitol, in the following order:

The governor and his secretaries, and statehouse officials, will head the procession.

Then will follow the supreme court judges, and the officers of the court.

Federal court judges, and officers of the same.

The judges of the circuit courts of the state and officers of the same.

Senators and members of congress, ex-members and ex-governors

The mayor and council and other officials of the city of Atlanta.

Federal military officers according to grade and rank.

THE ORATOR

Hon. A. H. Stephens, accompanied by the chaplain, the reader of the Declaration of Independence and the clergy of the city.

The military and fire companies and various societies of the city.

The citizens generally.

The procession will move to DeGive's opera house, where the ceremonies will take place.

After music by the band, selected for the occasion prayer by Rev. E. W. Warren, pastor of the First Bapti t church.

The Declaration of Independence will be read, after which an original poem will be read by Col. J. A. Stewart.

Address by Hon. A. H. Stephens.

Music by the band.

Benediction by the Rev. E. W. Warren.

THE GREEN LINE.

Meeting of the Executive Committee—Full Attendance

The Executive Committee of the Green Line met here yesterday. There were present of the committee:

Virgil Powers, chairman; C. W. Anderson, G. F. A. of N. C. & St. L. R. R.

Gen. W. McRae, superintendent W. & A. R. R.

J. B. Peck, superintendent A. & R. Air Line.

S. S. Solomons, superintendent S. C. R. R.

S. K. Johnson, superintendent G. R. R.

J. M. Selkirk, weste n agent S. C. R. R.

T. E. Walker, secretary

B. C. Robson, general agent.

There were in attendance the following visitors:

Gen. E. F. Winslow, general manager, St. Louis & S. E. R. R.

C. P. Crosby, G. F. A., St Louis & S. E. R. R.

W. Rodgers, general superintendent Central R R.

R. A. Anderson, G. F. A., W. & A. R. R.

C. A. Sindall, general agent Central railroad.

There were also in attendance a committee of directors from the Georgia R. R., consisting of George Hillyer, chairman; J. H. James, D. E. Butler, W. W. Clarke and C. H. Phinizy.

The business of the meeting was routine.

The matter in dispute between the Green Line and the St Louis & South-Eastern R. R., was referred to a committee for adjustment.

LADIES go to M. Rich's forced dry goods sale, 29 Whitehall street. jun6-4t

Self-Evident.

If two cans are of the same size and both are full it is self-evident that one contains as much by measure as the other, although one be ing with heavy substances may weigh many ounces more than the other. Now, as Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is put up in cans as large, and hold as much by measure as other kinds, and as baking is used by measure (teaspoonfuls) and not by weight if all were of the same strength, one would go as far as the other; but as Dr. Price's is as effective, by using two teaspoonfuls as most kinds are with three, then it is self-evident that there is one-third saved in using his powder. House-wives will find that aside from its excellence and healthfulness that two cans of Dr. Price's is equal to three cans the same size of the weighty kinds. A trial will prove this, and also that Dr. Price's True Flavoring Extracts are the most natural and delicate flavors made. june5—dtues-thur-sat-sun&w1w

M. RICH forced to sell out by the 1st of July. jun6-4t

Two and a Half Per Cent. Off.

Taxpayers should not overlook the advantages of paying their taxes during this month. The city needs the money, and will discount two and a half per cent. It is a privilege that no citizen should fail to use.

J. O. HARRIS, Tax Collector. jun6-5t

DON'T fail to go to M. Rich's forced sale, 29 Whitehall street. jun6-4t

COL. EDWARD PARSONS has sold out his coal and lumber business to Messrs. W. S. Wilson, of Houston, Texas, and J. C. Wilson, both energetic young men.

Col. Parsons has long been identified with Atlanta, and we hope that his retiracy from active business life will not be long. A man of so much vim and energy cannot be spared.

SEE advertisement Foster's Second Texas Drawing postponed for a few days. may18—d&wtf

R. G. RICHARDS, of New York, died in this city yesterday, at the advanced age of 71. The funeral will take place from the residence of his son, Mr. E. Richards, No. 258 Washington street, at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

SHEBUOTH.

Interesting Celebration of the Feast of Weeks.

Confirmation of Five Children and Lecture by Rabbi Gersoni.

Yesterday was the day set apart in the Jewish calendar for the celebration of the "Feast of Weeks," called "Shebuoth" or "Schabuoth" but more commonly recognized by the name of Pentecost. This last name is from the similar Greek word, signifying the fiftieth day and recalls to mind that the feast is celebrated on the fiftieth day after the Passover, corresponding to the order of its original institution. On this day the Tables of the Law were given to Moses on Mount Sinai, and the first fruits of the ripened harvest were offered up in sac ifice. In the christian interpretation it is commemorated as the day when the Holy Ghost descended upon the apostles and sanctified them for the labor of proclaiming the gospel to all mankind. In earlier days it was celebrated with much scenic effect, but now the simple adornments of evergreens and flowers are only in use.

THE SYNAGOGUE.

At the corner of Whitehall and Peters streets, was yesterday crowded to its full capacity with the congregation. The altar stand was decorated with evergreen wreaths and festoons, and in front was reared an arch in gothic form, at the mid center of which was still another wreath. Beautiful wreaths also adorned the gas brackets and hung between the windows. Upon the solid wall also hung wreaths and was placed the name of the feast, in letters of living green: "Shebuoth."

The stand occupied by

THE CHOIR,

in the rear of the congregation (front of the building) was also decorated. There were five fema e and two male voices and the singing with which they assisted the ceremonies was often grand in effects and always artistically rendered.

THE SERVICES

were just beginning when we arrived. The rabbi, Rev. Gersoni, robed in a long black gown, white stole and black crown cap, was intoning the preliminary lessons, to which the congregation rendered responses. At several stages of this service the choir joined in the responses.

After a song, first by the rabbi, and then with chorus by the choir, the fourteenth to the twentieth verses of the 23d chapter of Exodus were read, beginning, "Three times thou shalt keep a feast unto me in the year."

The reading being concluded,

THE VEIL WAS DRAWN

from before the holy ark, and after a prayer had been offer d, the sacred scrolls, containing the Pentateuch, were taken out. A song was then sung, and the rabbi, with the president, Mr. Kleinhart, and the vice-president, Mr. L. Cohen, slowly walked around the altar-stand, ascending it upon the other side.

"THE FIRST FRUITS."

The children who were to be confirmed now came forward, bearing wreaths of evergreens and flowers. There were three girls, Misses Jose Cohen, Camelia Block and Amelia Eichbe g, all of whom we e handsomely arrayed in spotless white. The young gentlemen were Masters Isaac Hirschberg and Nathan Dewald.

The rabbi addressed them briefly upon the nature of the act they were about to do, and demanded of them their first fruits of the harvests, which were the wreaths they bore. These were hung upon the uplifted scrolls, "the banners of Israel." They were then required to repeat the ten commandments given to Moses. Master Hirschberg then approached the reading stand and read an invocation to the Creator to look upon and aid his children to understand and do His holy will.

THEIR FAITH.

The children then se erally made their confession of faith by repeating these paragraphs:

I embrace with my whole heart the belief in One Ind visible God, who is the creator, the ruler and sustainer of the universe. His bei g is incomprehensible to the mind of mortals, and no bodily attributes can be ascribed to Him.

"Hear, O Israel! the Eternal, our God, the Eternal is One!"

I embrace with my whole heart the belief that all the blessings existing in this world for the sustenance and enjoyment of mankind are created by the provident mercy of God, and that He, the Creator, who has so bountifully provided for the physical existence of man, has also provided for his spiritual welfare here and hereafter.

I embrace with my whole heart the belief that the soul is a direct emanation from God, and by virtue of this holy spirit man can enjoy God's paternal kindness, both spiritual and material, and that He who searches the heart and tries the reins sends his grace to his chosen ones directly, without intervention or mediation of any kind.

I embrace with my whole heart the belief that in the omniscient rule of God in the universe there is punishment for the wicked and compensation for the righteous deeds of man, and that the judgment of God is as unavoidable as it is incomprehensible.

I embrace with my whole heart the belief that God will send redemption to his people; that the whole human family will come to a knowledge of the Father in Heaven, and enlighted by his light, they will banish from their hearts animosity, jealousy and hatred, and all strife will cease forevermore.

"For Thy salvation I hope, O Eternal!"

The oldest of the young ladies, Miss Cohen, we believe, then re d an invocation to the Creator to accept their offerings as evidences of their love and faith, and to bestow upon those who laid their first fruits at the foot of the altar, the divine blessings.

The c oir here sang a beautiful and impressive hymn.

THE SCROLLS

were then unrolled, and from them several passages of the scriptures were read in Hebrew.

The rabbi then addressed the children upon the nature of the confessions they had made, and the full import and binding force of the commandments, saying he hoped they would keep them in their hearts and follow them up as best as they could. He asked the candidates if they were willing to pledge their adherence to them and accept them as given through their prophets?

The children answered in the affirmative.

Another portion of the services were intoned or chanted by the rabbi and the congregation. The scrolls were rolled up again and the Rabbi, officers and children formed in procession around by the front of the altar to the north side of it, when the scrolls were again deposited in the place of the ark. One of the young ladies read a beautiful and touching prayer, which was followed by a joyous song, by the choir.

THE LECTURE

to the children upon the duty imposed upon them by the laws of God and man to become worthy citizens, and upright, acceptable members of society, was followed by the imposition of the hands in giving a solemn blessing to each one of them.

After another song by the choir, the rabbi delivered his regular lecture for the special occasion of the feast. The line of the discourse was a general view of the life of Moses, and the methods by which he came to the Israelites in their wanderings, from which example he drew the conclusion of man's duty in cultivating a spiritual life. The world he likened to the burning bush, the physical world holding the place of the bush and the flame typifying the everlasting presence of God surrounding and pervading it. He claimed that mechanical operations in nature and the work of man all indicated this omnipresence of the living God and without it would not be objects of appreciation. The address was unique and able, and delivered with considerable oratorical force.

The concluding services were similar in order to the opening ceremonies, in a reverse order, and reached their end shortly before noon.

The parents of the children who were confirmed gave every indication of interest and joy and the scene was truly a rare and enjoyable.

One of the episodes in the service was the sudden illness of a lady who fainted after leaving the room, but soon after revived.

Important to Travelers.

Trunks covered and repaired at the Atlanta Trunk Factory. June6—d1w. 169, Marietta street.

NOW IS YOUR TIME.—M. Rich being forced, in consequence of building, to vacate his store, he will sell out his entire stock at half price. Jun6-d4t

Excellent ice cream made by Mrs. W. H. Royall, at 257 Hunter street, at 15 cents per plate, two for 25 cents, or $2.50 per gallon.

AN entire stock of dry goods thrown on the market in consequence of the landlord suddenly concluding to tear down and build up M. Rich's store. Ju6-d4t

ALD. MADDOX.—Ald. R. F. Maddox returned from his northern tour yesterday, looking remarkably well. He tells us that he finds northern sentiment more strongly in favor of the south than on his visit before.

IN consequence of M. Rich's store being torn down, he is forced to sell his entire stock by the 1st of July. He will sell goods at any price rather than pack them up. jun6-4t

Wallace & Boyd's fire insurance agency has moved to No. 3 Pryor street, near main entrance of the Kimball House.

LOOK at M. Rich's advertisement. His sale only lasts this month. jun6-4t

THE Masonic fraternity generally are requested to meet at the lodge room at four o'clock this afternoon, "sharp," for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to Bro. R. G. Richards, Past Master of Dargan Lodge No. 187, New York. Per order.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

The State Board Organized.

Perfecting Plan of Operations.

The Right Men Selected for Officers.

In pursuance of the call of the Secretary of State, Hon. N. C. Barnett, the State Board of Health met in the office of the Secretary of State yesterday morning. Under the act creating the Board, the Board is composed of one Sanitary Commissioner from each congressional district, the Comptroller-General, the Attorney-General, and the State Geologist.

The board was called to order by the Secretary of State, and the following oath administered to the Sanitary Commissioners:

OATH OF OFFICE.

All and each of us having been appointed Sanitary Commissioners of the State of Georgia, do solemnly swear that we will faithfully perform all and singular duties of sanitary commission, to the best of my ability, during my continuance as such; that I am not the holder of any public money due the state unaccounted for; that I am not the holder of any office of trust under the government of the United States, nor either of the several states, nor of any foreign state; and that I am otherwise qualified to hold said office according to the constitution and laws of Georgia, and that I will support the constitution of the United States and of this state. So help me God.

DRAWING FOR TERMS.

The Commissioners proceeded to draw for terms with the following result.

2nd District—Dr. B. M. Cromwell—2 years.
3rd District—Dr. G. F. Cooper—2 years.
8th District—Dr. G. H. Campbell—2 years.
1st District—Dr. J. G. Thomas—4 years
4th District—Dr. F. A. Stanford—4 years.
6th District—Dr. C. B. Nottingham—4 years.
5th District—Dr. J. P. Logan—6 years.
7th District—Dr. G. W. Holmes—6 years.
9th District—Dr. H. H. Carlton—6 years.

Dr. Carlton proposed to exchange terms with Dr. Campbell but Dr. Campbell replied it would not do to exchange an old man for a young man.

The Commissioners then proceeded to the room of the President of the Senate for organization.

The Board of Health being convened, on motion Hon. W. L. Goldsmith, Comptroller-General, was called to the chair and Dr. Cromwell was requested to act as secretary pro tem.

Dr. G. F. Cooper was invited to offer up prayer for the welfare of the Board, which he did in an impressive manner.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The Board then proceeded to the election of officers.

Dr J. G. Thomas, of Savannah, was nominated for president by Dr. J. P. Logan. Dr. Thomas received ten votes and was therefore unanimously elected.

Dr. Cooper moved that in the election of a secretary a majority of votes shall elect, which motion prevailed.

Dr. Logan moved that it is the sense of the Board that the Secretary shall make the capitol his headquarters wi hin ninety days after his election, which motion prevailed

Attorney-General N. J. Hammond moved that the secretary to be now elected, shall hold his office till the first annual meeting, hereafter to be fixed, and then there shall be a new election, which motion prevailed.

Dr. Campbell moved that the salary of the secretary for the first year shall be at the rate of $1,000 per annum, which motion prevailed

The following names were announced as candidates for secretary: Dr. A. S. Campbell, Augusta; Dr. Green, Americus; Dr. Wright, Forsyth; Dr. R. Q. Word, Decatur; Drs. V. H. Taliaferro, W. A. Love, C. Rauschenberg, J. T. Johnson, A. R. Alley, W. C. Moore, Atlanta.

The following ballots were held:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.
Campbell	1	4	2	2
Rauschenberg	1	0	1	2
Taliaferro	3	3	4	7
Love	1	0	0	0
Wright	5	5	4	1
Greene	1	0	1	1

Dr. V. H. Taliaferro was declared elected.

COMMITTEES

Dr. Nottingham moved that a committee of three be appointed to report at 3 o'clock, upon registration, forms and nomenclature which prevailed, and the president appointed as said committee Drs. Nottingham, Logan, and Campbell.

Dr. Logan moved that a committee of three be appointed to draft rules and by-laws for the government of the board which motion prevailed. The President appointed as said committee, Attorney-General Hammond, Dr. Logan, and Dr. Little. On motion of the Attorney General the President was added to the committee.

Dr. Cooper moved that the secretary notify Dr Taliaferro of his election and request him to meet the board at 3 P. M. which prevailed.

The board adjourned until 3 P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION

Dr. G. W. Holmes requested leave of absence, which was granted.

Dr. Carlton offered a resolution that the committee on registration, forms and nomenclature be requested to indicate at the next meeting such line of duty as the secretary shall at once enter upon so far as warranted by the act establishing the board which was agreed to.

SALE OF POISONS.

A communication from the Atlanta Academy of Medicine was read, suggesting to the Board the adopting of measures looking to the enactment of laws by the Legislature restricting the indiscriminate sale of poison for the protection of the people, there being no law now against it. Received and filed.

Dr. C. B. Nottingham offered a resolution that standing committees be appointed on the following subjects: Finance; registration; legislation; printing. Withdrawn.

Dr. H. F. Campbell offered a resolution that the committee on by-laws prepare at once a draft of these by laws for the consideration of the board at its session to-morrow morning. Withdrawn.

RECONSIDERED.

The action of the morning appointing a committee on rules and regulations was reconsidered, and the following new committee appointed:

Dr. G. F. Cooper, Dr. F. A. Stanford, Dr. B. M. Cromwell and Attorney-General Hammond.

On motion the President and Dr. H. H. Carlton were added to the committee, and the committee instructed to report at the morning session to-morrow.

The board adjourned until 10 a.m., Thursday.

KIMBALL HOUSE.

Summer Arrangement.

ATLANTA, GA., June 5, 1875.

On and after June 10th and until October 1st, 1875, in order to accommodate the numerous families desiring to spend the summer at this house, I have reduced the rates to the following schedule: transient rates per day from $4 to $2; per month from $40 upward, according to room selected.

The special rates are now ready for distribution and will be mailed or delivered to any one desiring them, on application at the office.

G. McGINLY, Proprietor.

The elevator is running from 6 A. M. until 10 P. M. june 6-tf

The "Old Noggin."

The Covington Star, "There is a man in Atlanta who has a "noggin" 250 years old. It is a "peck" measure, and has been in the family since 1625."

Well, this is true, and the "noggin" can be seen in Atlanta, at any time. It bears the following inscription:

"This noggin was brought to America in 1625, from Essex county, England, by my ancestor, Paul Peck. My great, great, great, great, great, grandfather, who was one of the proprietors of Hartford, Connecticut in 1639. He left this noggin to his son, Samuel Peck, in 1695, who left it to his son Samuel Peck, in 1690, who left it to his son Samuel Peck, in 1765, who left it to his son Samuel Peck, in 1784, who left it to his son Samuel Peck, in 1802, who left it to his son Samuel H. Peck my father in 1833, who gave it to my uncle Russell U. Peck, who gave it to me in 1873. It is 250 years old now 1875. Wm H. Peck."

A Few More Wanted.

I want a few more thousand dollars and will continue to offer special inducements in Furniture until I get it.

A full line of all classes of Furniture on hand. Picture Frames and Mouldings in variety—all at bottom figures. I still keep Wigger's celebrated Crib and Cradle. The babies wont cry in this cradle. Call at once and get one before its too late.

JAS. L. WATKINS, may29. 42 and 44 Whitehall St.

GREAT bargains in ladies, gents and misses hosiery at Furchgott, Benedict & Co.

Great reduction in dress-goods, silks, grenadines, &c., at Furchgott, Benedict & Co.

VERY IMPORTANT.

Messrs Furchgott, Benedict & Co. offer their entire stock of dry-goods, carpets &c., at less than cost of importation, preparatory to taking their yearly invoice July 1st. Do not purchase anywhere else before you examine our stock. A saving of 20 to 50 per cent guaranteed.

SPECIALITIES.

Messrs Furchgott, Benedict & Co. offer 500 pieces of ribbon from 8c a yard up.

Ladies' hats at cost, 500 sets colored cuffs and collars at 25c., worth 50c., 50 dozen ladies silk neck ties from 25c. up. Ruffling laces, handkerchiefs, embroideries, &c., at less than half their value.

Also, best prints only 8 cents. june8—dtf

DOMESTICS cheap, dress goods cheap, bargains in hosiery, bargains in gloves, bargains in towels, bargains in linens, at M. Rich's.

JOE PORTER.

An Escaped Georgia Convict out in Texas.

He is Boss of a Variety Show and Capper for Gamblers.

Many of our readers well remember the subject of this sketch. He was once a constable in this city and was convicted of blackmailing, his sentence being eighteen months in the chain-gang at the Dade county coal mines. While in Atlanta he was one of those

LOUD YOUNG MEN

who wore stylish apparel and affected the negilge air of the "retired gentleman" and millionaire. Joe always had a strong affection for shekels and obeyed the injunction "to put money in thy purse," minus a proper regard for the mode of obtaining it, or who it belonged to. Like all rogues, he assumed a high regard for honor, and res nted the slightest trespass upon his dignity with a belligerent invitation to "walk down a back alley!" But he came to grief, and his fine linen gave place to the

ZEBRA STRIPES

of the convict. With all Joe's love for shekles he had none for shackles, and shortly after donning them he put them off, in a quiet way, and escaped, making his way in the early part of this year to

HOUSTON, TEXAS.

After lying about loose there for a while, occupying his time in "bucking at faro" and playing "fly loo" with negro stevedores and dock hands, he fell in with one Taylor Prindle, a well known gamber of that city. The two formed a co-partnership and have for several months carried on a variety show and drinking saloon, called the "Academy of Music." This place had all the appliances, "wine-room," "back parlor," "black alley," etc., for carrying on robberies, brace games and panel thieving. The performances upon the glaring little stage were the ostensible attraction, and the boards were alternately occupied by the actors and police, the latter proving anything but an attraction.

SEVERAL LARGER THEFTS

from the persons of frequenters of the place have been brought to light, but Joe always managed to worm out any complicity in them, though severa times he experienced the Dutchman's "tam tight squeeze" in doing so.

A BAD CASE,

which came very near putting Joe into hockelty, occurred some months ago. A poor laborer, saturated with drink, stumbled out of this den into the rear yard of the place and died very suddenly. An investigation was ordered. Porter and his crew were arrested, and quite a flurry raised in the community. The coroner's jury, however, failed to find any unnatural cause of death apparent, or ascertainable, and their verdict caused the release of the parties.

Joe gets into jail every now and then upon charges of disorderly conduct, carrying concealed weapons, fighting, etc., from which a fine relieves him. He is broken up in business now, the police authorities keeping a strict surveillance over him and his actions. He is afraid of every Georgian he sees, and generally lies low when they are about. He had a scare over the presence of Sheriff Perkerson in Texas some weeks ago.

This ill-specimen of a man is not wanted here again under any circumstances, and he may rest assured that an invitation to return will not be extended him.

Meeting of the Stockholders of the A. and R. Air Line R. R. Co.

ATLANTA, GA., June 9th, 1875.

This being the place appointed for the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atlanta & Richmond Air Line railway company, a portion of said stockholders met and organized by appointing E. M. Johnson chairman, and James P. Simmons secretary.

On inquiry it was ascertained that there was four thousand four hundred and twenty-two shares of stock represented.

On motion of T. S. Garner a committee of three was appointed to draft resolutions, and a call on the president to call a meeting.

The chair appointed T. S. Garner, S. B. Hoyt and D. A. Beattie, that committee, who made the following report:

WHEREAS, this, the 9th day of June, the same being the second Wednesday in June, 1875, is the day fixed by the by-laws for the annual meeting for the stockholders of this company.

WHEREAS, the president and secretary, or such other officers whose duty it may be to give the notice required by the charter of said company of the annual meetings, and said notice not having been published as so required,

WHEREAS, a sufficient number of stockholders to call a meeting, as provided for in the charter of said company, are present, and the president and secretary both being absent.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

And, WHEREAS, a great deal of litigation has arisen, and the financial status of the company is not known to the stockholders, and there has not been a report made by the president and board of directors for the last five years; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the stockholders, here in convention constituting a quorum to call meetings provided for in the charter of said company, hereby respectfully request and require the president to call a meeting of said stockholders, to be held on the 12th day of August next, at the city hall in Atlanta, Ga., at noon of that day, for the purpose of receiving the president's report of the financial condition of the company, and its true status, and for the election of a president and board of directors, and to do such other things as may legally come before said meeting, and that this meeting adjourn to meet at that time and place; and be it further

Resolved, That the president be requested to make arrangements for the free transportation of stockholders to and from said meeting, as is customary.

Resolved, That the secretary be instructed to publish these proceedings in one or more of the Atlanta, Ga., Greenville, S. C., and Charlotte, N. C., papers, and furnish the president with a copy of the same.

Resolved, That if president should not call the meeting of stockholders, as therein requested, then this convention will hold a meeting of said stockholders at said time and place anyhow.

Which report was unanimously adopted by the meeting.

The convention then adjourned to meet again at the city hall, in Atlanta, Ga., on the 12th day of August next.

E. M. JOHNSON, Chm'n.

JAMES P. SIMMONS, Sect'y.

Georgia and Texas Flour.

On Saturday, on 'Change, a barrel of flour from the crop of 1875, shipped by Messrs. Harrold, Johnson & Co., of Americus, Ga., was exhibited by Messrs. Shryock & Rowland, the consignees, and sold at auction for $20, the purchasers being our famous bakers, Messrs. Garneau, Hilliard & Co., who, with characteristic generosity, presented it to the grass-hopper sufferers, and it will be sold to-day on the exchange, at half-past eleven a. m., for the increase of that charitable fund. Another presentation of new crop Georgia flour, was two sacks received by Mr. H. W. Chandler, from Thos. DeWolf, of Chattahoochee county, in that state, which was also sold to the highest bidder for $25, Mr. Grassmuck being the successful competitor. The Texas flour referred to was the sack shipped by Mr. J. H. Nichols, of Dallas, to the president of the Merchants' exchange, with the request of the donor that it be sold for the benefit of the poor of this city. We anticipate lively competition on this offering, in view of the noble object to be achieved, and have no doubt that it will pass through scores of hands by redonation and sale, resulting in the realization of a substantial sum, which shall aid in making cheerful many a lowly hearth.—*St. Louis Commercial Gazette, 3d.*

Revival Notes.

The meeting at James' Hall yesterday evening was largely attended. The interest deepens. Many conversions have taken place, and scores are enquiring "what they must do to be saved."

The meeting will be held at 5 P. M. this afternoon.

The meetings at the First and Second Baptist church continue with glorious results.

An interesting meeting is in progress at Payne's Chapel on Luckie street. Divine service is held every day at 4 P. M. and 8:15 P. M. The third quarterly meeting for this change will embrace the ensuing Saturday and Sunday. On the fourth Sunday in last month (May) the pastor of this church baptized 18 children.

New Grocery Store.

Messrs. A. M. Lewin & Co., open by the 15th, at 98 Whitehall street, a large and well selected stock of groceries, imported wines and segars, etc. Goods will be delivered anywhere in the city free of charge. Messrs. L. & Co., have over twenty years experience in the trade. With their vim, energy and integrity we predict for them the most enlarged success. They mean business, and they will do it, dull and hard times notwithstanding.

M. RICH's store is to be torn down, forcing him to sell out his goods at a great sacrifice. Jun6-d4t

A Remarkable Case.

A man is now taking a course of Dr. Wilson's Turkish baths with muscles wasted and paralized from rheumatism and the muscles are gradually growing in size, and strength. There is nothing to equal the Turkish bath both in neuralgia and rheumatism.

M. RICH's forced sale commences on Monday the 7th. He is compelled to sell

THE COURTS.

Proceedings of the Supreme Court—Motions for New Trials, &c., Before Judge Hopkins—Judge Cowart Raiding on Thieves—Eight Sent to the Chain Gang Yesterday, &c., &c.

The Supreme Court.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY HARRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA. } Atlanta, Ga., June 9, 1875. }

OCMULGEE CIRCUIT.

No. 24. Argument concluded.

Nos. 10 and 13, P. R. Thomason vs. Isham S. Fannin, administrator. Same vs. A. Poullain, executor. Relief Act of 1868, from Morgan.

B. H. Hill & Son; T. H. S. Brobston, for plaintiff in error.

R. Toombs; Fannin & Billups; A. G. & F. C. Foster, contra.

Pending the argument of Mr. Hill, the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M., to-morrow.

FULTON SUPERIOR COURT HON. JOHN L. HOPKINS JUDGE.

Court met yesterday at half past eight o'clock pursuant to adjournment, and resumed the motion docket. The following business was transacted.

John P. Hackney vs. John Casey, fi. fas, from Green superior court. Ordered that a proper return be made on each of said fi. fas. *nunc pro tunc.*

Abbott & Kendrick for plaintiff.

Murray & Co., et al. vs Paul Jones, sr., et al. Motion for new trial. After argument heard, ordered that said motion be overruled.

E. F. Hoge, for Jones.

Messrs. G T. Dodd, Thomas Moore, Jas. D. Collins, Benjamin E. Crane, and Daniel Pittman, appointed commissioners to revise the jury box, were sworn in by his Honor Judge Hopkins, to discharge their duties faithfully, and their oath spread upon the minutes.

A. B. Chapman vs. J. R. Thompson. Motion for a new trial. On hearing the motion, ordered that the verdict and judgment rendered in said case be set aside, and a new trial granted.

T. P. Westmoreland and J. F. Pendleton, for Thompson.

M. Davidson & Co. vs. H. I. Kimball, defendant, and S. E. Crittenden, claimant. Motion for a new trial. Ordered that said motion be over-ruled.

B. H. Hill, jr, for claimant.

Stephens & Flynn vs. N. J. Wooten and F. N. Wooten. Judgment by default for plaintiffs for $119.93 principal, with interest and costs.

Bodega and wife vs. A. M. Perkerson. Motion for new trial. Ordered, after argument, that the verdict be set aside, and a new trial granted.

R. Arnold and E. N. Broyles for plaintiffs.

Robert H. Brown vs. John Jones, treasurer of the state of Georgia. Motion to reinstate case. Motion denied after argument.

N. J. Hammond, attorney general, for Jones.

R. E. Green, administrator, vs. McDaniel, Strong & Co. Ordered that the execution issued in this case be corrected to conform to the judgment.

J. M. & W. P. Grogan vs. Simonton, Jones & Hatcher, and southern express company garnishee. Judgment rendered against the garnishee for $85.25.

Peeples & Howell, for plaintiff.

Louisa M. Long vs. Frederick Long. Libel for divorce. Total divorce granted both parties.

J. F. Pendleton, for plaintiff.

The Atlanta ice manufacturing company vs. R. H. Brown, et al. Ordered that upon examination, Albert Howell the receiver in this case, be directed to pay off the debts in the schedule of plaintiff's, to the amount of $918 98.

Ballard & Freeman vs. Wootten and Andrews. Judgment by default for plaintiffs for $150 principal, with interests and costs.

G. W. Goldsmith vs Rush Irwin, principal, and F. J. Word, security. Eight appeal cases from justice of the peace court of the 1026th district. Ordered that said cases be dismissed.

B. F. Abbott, for plaintiff.

Mr. John L. Hawkins, upon application, received the appointment of notary public, and subscribed to the usual oath.

Court then adjourned until half past eight o'clock to-day.

The City Court.

HON. R. J. COWART, JUDGE.

The city court met yesterday morning at its usual hour, and took up the criminal docket. The following cases were disposed of:

State vs. Turner Ivey. Misdemeanor. Charged that the 5th day of June, 1875, he entered the store of W. F. Peck & Co., and stole three dozen pair of socks of the value of $3. Turner on arraignment plead guilty. The court sentenced him to the chain gang for six months.

The State vs. Ferdinand Hacket. Larceny from the house. The charge against Ferdinand is that on the 19th of April, 1875, he entered the dwelling house of James Lochrey and carried off a vest of $5, with intent to steal the same. The prisoner upon arraignment plead guilty. He was sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and costs, or in default thereof, to go to the chain gang for six months. R A Massey for defence.

State vs. Simon Robinson. Larceny. Charge that on the 16th day of May, 1875, the defendant wrongfully took and carried away a pair of pants, the property of Henry Buneil, and of the valve of 75 cents. This case went to trial. The jury found the defendant guilty. He was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs or go to the chain gang for ten months.

State vs. Allen Williams. Larceny from the house. Stealing one pair of shoes from I. T. Banks. Plea, guilty. Sentence, eight months imprisonment in the chain-gang. McAfee for defense.

Same vs. Allen Williams again. This time the charge was stealing two vests from G. W. Holliday & Co. Verdict, guilty. Sentence, ten months in the chain-gang. McAfee for defense.

Same vs. Joe Simms. Trespass. Charge of stealing magnolia flowers from the flower garden of Mr. Phil Dodd. Verdict, guilty. Sentence, eight months in the chain-gang. E. A. Angier for defense.

Same vs. York White. Larceny from the house. Stealing one pair of shoes from I. T. Banks, Verdict, guilty. Sentence. 12 months in the chain-gang. McAfee for defense.

Same vs. York White. Larceny from the house. Stealing two vests from G. W. Holliday & Co. Plea, guilty. Sentence, eight months in the chain-gang. McAfee for defense.

Same vs. Reuben Wood and Bettie Wood. Simple larceny. Charge of stealing 50 yards of calico, 25 yards of dress goods and 20 yards of flannel from Mrs. Jane Frank. *Nol pros'd* by order of the court.

A case against Coley Inman was called up, and pending the introduction of testimony, court adjourned until this morning Mr. Ellis, solicitor pro tem., ably represented the state in the above prosecutions.

OUCHITA.

A Sensation at the Depot.

LAST night a large crowd gathered at the union passenger depot in their morbid anxiety to see an Indian, hearing that one was passing through. A number boarded the Macon train and discovered the Indian chief Ouchita guarded by United States soldiers en route to Florida. Ouchita is the Indian who stabbed himself and two soldiers at Nashville. He was playing possum last night passing off for being sound asleep. The spectators got close to the windows where they could jump out in case the exigency demanded it. Ouchita had long hair, and resembled a woman in appearance.

JUDGE WM. J. WHALING, the general agent of the old Hartford Fire Insurance for the south, accompanied by his accomplished lady, left yesterday for the north where they will spend the summer. We wish them a pleasant time and hope to welcome them back next fall.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Samuel Hape left for Hapeville last night.

Professor Milton Peck left for Macon last night.

Rev. T. C. Boykin lectured at Stone Mountain last night.

THE Executive Committee of the State Sunday School Convention meets to-day at the office of John H. James at ten o'clock.

HON. M. A. CANDLER addresses the Sunday schools at Stone Mountain at 3 P. M. next Sunday.

THE alarm of fire yesterday evening was a false one.

THERE were kisses by the peck at the depot last night.

"OUR SOCIAL" goes to Toccoa to-day. The red-bugs there are social too.

—He was an awful mean man. He carried a $50 counterfeit bill to make a show of it sometimes when fingering for a little change. His poor, hard-working wife had been begging him for a nice gold chain she had seen in a shop-window down town. One day he felt in a merry mood, gave her the counterfeit bill, and told her to buy the chain. Then he left home laughing, and he came home feeling full of jokes. It appeared to be the happiest day of his life. He made a fool of the old woman. But the old woman wore that gold chain at the dinner-table, and called the brute her "dear old darling." This put another face on the whole affair. It had ceased to be a joke to him. The jeweller called before dinner, and handing him the base note told him to "shell out" fifty dollars if he wished to escape annoyance. He shelled out, and has never been able to see the point of his own joke. But the poor woman enjoyed it.

THE AIR-LINE R. R. WAR

A New Move by the Bondholders.

Appointment of J. M. Patton Master and Marshall J. Clarke, Special Master.

As intimated in THE CONSTITUTION some weeks since, the bond-holders are concentrating their energies upon their bill to foreclose what is commonly known as the first mortgage. The fight by Mr. Fischer for the possession of the road seems to have been temporarily abandoned, at least we learn of no new move in this direction. Yesterday the case was brought up by Mr. Akerman, attorney for the complainants. After some argument the following order was granted by Judge Erskine.

The object of the order is apparent. The duty of the masters is fully explained therein. Through their appointment a vast amount of indebtedness which exists now in the shape of mortgages, liens and encumbrances, very much complicated, will be best straightened out and reduced to order. The bonded indebtedness alone of the road is in a muddled condition, and affords ample scope for the labors of a master in chancery.

The appointment of our friends J. M. Patton and Marshall J. Clarke are most excellent. The former is a gentleman whose business capacity, especially for this peculiar field of work, and strict integrity cannot be excelled.

Mr. Clarke, the junior member of Jackson & Clarke, is familiar with the duties of master in chancery, and in addition brings to his aid legal ability of a very high order. Judge Erskine has shown much wisdom in his selections, and if these gentlemen accept the important and honorable positions tendered them, we are satisfied that every creditor of the Atlanta and Richmond and Air Line Railway Company will have a full hearing, and the merits of his claim be impartially passed upon.

The second order extends the master's time for taking of testimony until the first day of September next.

The orders are as follows:

In the circuit court of the United States for the northern district of Georgia.

Skipwith Wilmer and Auguste Richard vs. The Atlanta & Richmond Air-Line railway company, the Richmond & Danville railroad company, Alfred Austell and others. In equity.

On motion of complainants it is ordered that said cause be referred to Julius M. Patton, Esq., as special master, who will examine and report upon the following matters.

First—The number, character and description of outstanding bonds of the defendant—the Atlanta & Richmond Air Line railway company—the amount of interest due on the same, the names of their present holders, with the number and description of the bonds held by each, and the deeds of trust, mortgages and other instruments, by which any of said bonds are secured.

Second—The other liens or incumbrances existing or claimed upon any of the property of said company, their amount, their validity and their dignity, in their relation to each other, and to those mentioned in the first paragraph of this order.

Said master is empowered to take testimony upon the matters aforesaid by deposition, and under commission and orally, according to the practice of this court in equity cases, and for that purpose he is required to sit in the city of Atlanta, in Georgia, in Greenville, in South Carolina, in Richmond, in Virginia, in the city of New York, in New York, giving at least ten days notice of the time and place of each sitting, to each of the parties in this cause as have appeared, or their solicitors, in writing, and to all concerned by advertisement in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION and Herald, and the New York Times.

He is also directed to call by similar advertisements in said newspapers, on all holders of such bonds, deeds of trust, mortgages, other instruments, liens, and incumbrances, to present the same to him, with the evidence thereof at some one of his said sittings.

Said master is required to file his report upon the matters aforesaid in the office of the clerk of this court on or before the 16th day of August next. And any party may file exceptions thereto in the clerk's office on or before the first Monday in September next. In open court.

JOHN ERSKINE, U. S. JUDGE.

June 9th 1875.

In the event of the inability of Mr. Patton to act, under the foregoing order, Marshall J. Clarke, esquire, is designated to act in his stead, and is clothed with all the powers and duties given in said order to Mr. Patton, and is hereby appointed special master for that purpose.

JOHN ERSKINE, U. S. Judge.

In open court, June 9, 1875

In the circuit court of the United States, northern district of Georgia, Skipwith Wilmer and Auguste Richard vs. the Atlanta & Richmond railway company, the Richmond & Danville railroad company, Alfred Austell and others. See equity.

Under special cause shown by complainant, and after argument by the counsel, it is ordered that the time for taking testimony in said cause be extended to the first day of September next.

This order is not to affect the taking of testimony by the special master to whom certain matters in said cause have been referred by an order made this day.

JOHN ERSKINE, U. S. Judge.

In open court, June 9th, 1875.

The United States district and circuit courts were then adjourned over to their next fall term.

Foster's Texas Drawing.

UNSOLD TICKETS CALLED IN.—As we have but few tickets left, and the demand upon the General Office is increasing, agents are hereby requested to send in all unsold tickets, except such quantity as they are CERTAIN of selling before the drawing.

J. E. FOSTER, Manager Texas R. E. & G. C. Drawing. jul0 d&w1t

FAIRBANK'S SCALES.

BUY ONLY THE GENUINE



STANDARD SCALES.

ALSO, THE

Most Perfect Alarm Cash Drawer, MILES ALARM TILL CO.'S.

Also, Herring's Safes, Coffee and Drug Mills, Letter Presses.

Fairbanks' Standard Scales

MANUFACTURERS,

E. & T. FAIRBANKS & CO.

ST. JOHNSBURY, VT.

PRINCIPAL SCALE WAREHOUSES,

Fairbanks & Co., 311 Broadway, N. Y
FAIRBANKS & CO., 166 Baltimore street Baltimore, Md.
FAIRBANKS & CO., 53 Camp street, New Orleans.
FAIRBANKS & CO., 93 Main street, Buffalo, New York.
FAIRBANKS & CO., 338, Broadway, Albany, New York.
FAIRBANKS & CO., 403 St. Paul's street, Montreal.
FAIRBANKS & CO., 34 King William St., London, Eng.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO., 2 Milk St Boston, Mass.
FAIRBANKS & EWING, Masonic H Philadelphia, Pa.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., 111 L street, Chicago.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., 139 Wal street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., 182 Superi street, Cleveland, Ohio.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., 48 Wood Pittsburgh.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., 5th Dealer Main street, Louisville.
FAIRBANKS & CO., 302 and 304 Washington Avenue, St. Louis.
FAIRBANKS & HUTCHINSON, San Francisco, California.

For sale by leading Hardwa.e n t-d,er apr1—deod&w10w

DR. C. A. BOHANNAN

Cures all Private Diseases without the use of mercury. Charges reasonable. Guarantees to cure all forms of "Spermatorrhea," or "Seminal Weakness" in from 2 to 7 weeks time. Office No. 619 North Fifth Street, bet. Washington ave. & Green, St. Louis, Mo. Established in St. Louis in 1859.

Dr. B.'s "Treatise on Special Diseases" which fully explains the nature, causes, symptoms, etc., of "Spermatorrhea," or "Seminal Weakness" Syphilis and valuable information on other delicate subjects, sent FREE in sealed envelope.

A FORTUNE FOR $

Wyoming Monthly

LOTTERY.

Legalized by Authority of an act of the Legislature. Tickets $1 each. Six for $5. One Chance in every 9. Fifth Extraordinary Drawing.

Cash Prize of $100,0
Cash Prize of 50,0
Cash Prize of 25,0
Cash Prize of 10,0

1,095 Cash Prizes amounting to $350,

[illegible]

For Sale.

THE FINE LARGE YOUNG HORSES

APPLY TO

C. TAYLOR'S STABLES.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week ending June 9, 1875.

ATLANTA, June 9, 1875.

Cotton closed weak at 14¾.

RECEIPTS FOR PAST WEEK.

By wagon	20
Air-Line Railroad	2
Atlanta & West Point Railroad	1
Georgia Railroad	4
Western and Atlantic Railroad	2
Total	29
Receipts previous	62,370
Total	62,399
Stock on hand September 1	102
Grand total	62,501

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments past week	33
Shipments previous	61,686
Total	61,719
Stock on hand	782

RECEIPTS AT ALL UNITED STATES PORTS.

	1874.	1875.
Saturday	2,211	1,336
Sunday and Monday	3,760	2,657
Tuesday	1,223	1,986
Wednesday	2,019	2,809
Thursday	1,402	
Friday	1,717	
Various	84	
Total	12,416	8,788

Showing a decrease of 425 bales compared with corresponding days of last year.

FINANCIAL.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

NEW YORK, June 9.—Money easy at 2½a3. Sterling steady. Gold heavy at 16⅛a16⅝. Government bonds active and lower; new fives 17⅞. State bonds quiet and steady. Stocks closed dull and unsettled; Central 103; Erie 13¾; Lake Shore 62⅛; Illinois Central 101; Pittsburg 87⅝; Northwestern 38⅛; preferred 53; Rock Island 102⅛. Sub-treasury balances—gold $48,866,761; currency $46,954,913 The sub-treasurer paid out $17,000 on account interest, and $173,000 for bonds. Customs receipts $176,000.

NEW ORLEANS, June 9.—Gold 16⅜. Exchange—New York sight ⅜ premium. Sterling $5 70.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

Special to The Constitution.

Receipts at all ports to-day	2,809
Exports to Great Britain to-day	none
Exports to continent	91
Consolidated receipts	8,789
Consolidated exports	29,208
Stock in New York	135,530
Stock at all ports	268,6.8

NEW YORK, June 9.—Gold closed at 16⅛. Cotton—New classification: Spots closed quiet; low middlings 15⅝; middlings 15⅝; sales to exports 951; spinners 334.

Futures closed firm; sales 49,200 bales; June 15 17-32a15 9 16; July 15 9-16a15 19-32; August 15 23-32a15¾; September 15 9-16a15 19-32; October 15¼a15 9-32; November 15⅛a15 5-32; December 15⅛a15 5-32; January 15 3-16a15 7-32; February 15 11-32a15 13-32; March 15 9-16a15 11-16; April 15⅝a15 27-32; May 15 15-16a16.

Associated Press Dispatches.

NEW YORK, June 9.—Cotton quiet; sales 1,285 bales at 15⅝a16⅛

Net receipts 567 bales; gross 1,375.

Futures closed firm; sales 49,200 bales; June 15 17 32; July 15 19 32; August 15 23-32a15¾; September 15 9-16a15 19-32; October 15¼a15 9-32; November 15⅛a15 5-32; December 15⅛a15 5-32; January 15 3-16a15 7-32; February 15 11-32a15 13 32; March 15 9-16a15 11-16; April 15¾a15 27-32; May 15 15-16a16.

GALVESTON, June 9.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 14⅝; net receipts 55 bales; sales 430; stock 16,548.

NEW ORLEANS, June 9.—Cotton easier but not quotably lower; middlings 15⅛; net receipts 307 bales; gross 904; sales 1,200; stock 57,679.

MOBILE, June 9.—Cotton unchanged; middlings 14¾; net receipts 3 bales; sales 100; stock 5,894.

CHARLESTON, June 9.—Cotton flat and nominal; middlings 15⅛; net receipts 198 bales; sales 25; stock 7,575.

SAVANNAH, June 9.—Cotton dull; middlings 15⅛; net receipts 512 bales; sales 106; stock 9,330.

AUGUSTA, June 9.—Cotton dull; nothing doing; middlings 15⅝; low middlings 14⅝; good ordinary 14; net receipts 18 bales; sales 1 bale.

MEMPHIS, June 9.—Cotton quiet; middlings 14¾a15; net receipts 33 bales; shipments 301; sales 750; stock 12,106.

WILMINGTON, June 9—Cotton unchanged; middlings 14⅜; net receipts 21 bales; stock 1,057.

NORFOLK, June 9.—Cotton dull; middlings 15¼a15⅜; net receipts 74 bales; stock 2,269.

BALTIMORE, June 9.—Cotton dull; middlings 15⅝; gross receipts 4 bales; sales 80; spinners 20; exports coastwise 280; stock 4,320.

BOSTON, June 9.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 16; net receipts 355 bales; sales 32; stock 14,397.

PHILADELPHIA, June 9.—Cotton dull; middlings 16.

PROVIDENCE, June 9—Cotton stock 15,000 bales.

PROVISION MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 9.—Flour in little better export demand; prices generally without decided change; southern flour steady; moderate inquiry. Wheat 1a2c better; brisk export demand for parcels; winter red western $1 27a$1 30; amber do. $1 31a$1 33; white western $1 30a$1 35. Corn opened a shade firmer and closed dull and drooping; steamer western mixed 79a79½; sail do. 80a83; white western in store 90. Oats—more active and decidedly firmer. Coffee very firm and quiet; Rio quoted at 16a18¾ gold for cargoes; jobbing lots 16½a19¼ gold; good trade. Sugar steady: fair to good refining 8¼a8⅜; prime refined firmer at 8⅝; granulated 10⅛a10⅝; powdered 11a11½; crushed 11⅛a11½. Molasses—grocery grades dull; Porto Rico 42a58. Rice quiet; Carolina prime to choice dull at 7⅜a8⅛. Tallow firmer at 8⅝a8 13-16. Naval stores steady. Pork firmer; new mess job lots $20. Beef dull; plain mess $8a$9 50; extra mess $10 50a$11. Lard firmer; prime steam 13 13-16. Whisky steady at $1 21. Freights to Liverpool steady; cotton by sail 9-32; steam 11-32.

BALTIMORE, June 9.—Flour quiet and unchanged; Howard street and western superfine $4 50a$4 75; Rio brands $6 75. Wheat quiet; Maryland red $1 25a$1 35; amber $1 38; white $1 30a$1 38. Corn quiet; southern white 85a86; yellow 82a83; western mixed 80. Oats quiet; southern 70a76. Rye dull at 10½. Provisions dull and heavy. Pork $21a$21 50. Bacon shoulders 9½a9⅝. Lard dull; refined at 15a15½. Coffee firmer; ordinary to prime cargoes 16a18¾; jobbing 16¾a19½. Whisky $1 21. Sugar firm at 10½a10⅝.

CINCINNATI, June 9.—Flour dull and declining. Corn steady at 73a74. Pork dull; nominally $20. Lard dull; summer sold at 12⅞; winter held at 13½; kettle 14a14½. Bacon dull; only limited jobbing demand. Whisky firm at $1 16.

ST. LOUIS, June 9.—Flour too unsettled to give quotations; little doing. Corn opened firm and closed dull; No. 2 mixed 70a71½ for June. Whisky held at $1 18. Pork easier; small lots $20 25. Bacon dull; little doing; clear sides 12⅜. Lard lower; summer 12⅛a12⅜.

CHICAGO, June 9.—Flour dull and unchanged. Corn active and higher; No. 2 mixed 67½; rejected 65. Pork steady at $19 50. Lard steady at 13⅛. Whisky $1 17.

LOUISVILLE, June 9.—Flour quiet and unchanged; extra $4 50a$5; extra family $5 50a$6; No. 1, $6 25; fancy $6 75a$7 25. Corn steady at 73a75. Provisions dull and easier. Pork $20a$20 50. Bacon shoulders 9⅝; clear rib 12½a12⅝; clear 12¾a13; sugar-cured hams 13½a13¾. Lard dull; tierce 15⅛; keg 15¾a16. Whisky firmer at $1 16. Bagging 13¾a14.

NEW ORLEANS, June 9.—Flour in good demand for Cuba; export grades held at $7; $6 75 offered and refused. Corn firm; ordinary mixed 85; choice white 93. Oats dull at 78. Bran in moderate demand at 95a$1. Hay dull; prime $24; choice $26. Coffee—nothing doing; no stock in first hands. Pork quiet at $21 25a$21 50. Dry salted meats in good supply; no demand. Bacon shoulders 9⅝; clear rib and clear 13¼a13⅝; hams 13¼a12¾. Lard dull; tierce 15; keg 15¾. Whisky—rectified Louisiana $1 19a$1 20; choice western $1 21a$1 22. Sugar dull and nominal; common 7⅝a8; low fair to fully fair 8a9; prime to strictly prime 9¼a9½. Molasses dull and nominal; common 40a45; fair 50a55; prime to choice 58a60.

FOR SALE, CHEAP.

The Paducah Chair Factory,

LOCATED at one of the most desirable points in the country, timber of all kinds being abundant and cheap, and shipping facilities unequalled. Paducah is situated on the Ohio River, at the mouth of the Tennessee, and twelve (12) miles from the Cumberland, and has railroad communications with all points West and South. The MACHINERY is all of the latest and most approved kinds, and all in first-class working order, having only been in operation a short time. A cash buyer can secure it at a sacrifice. For further particulars address PADUCAH CHAIR FACTORY, may28—d3taw2w Paducah, Kentucky.

DECATUR

Male and Female High School.

SPRING TERM opens February 1st and closes July 12, 1875.

TUITION.

Primary Department, per month	$3 00
Junior Class, per month	3 00
Intermediate Class, per month	4 00
Senior Class, per month	5 00

Music and Painting at Professors charges. Board, washing and lights in the Principal's family at $16 00 per month.

For circular address Principal.

T. A. MURRAY, A. M., Principal.

DRY GOODS, &c.

$30,000 00

— OF —

DRY GOODS!

— A —

A SACRIFICE

Our Mr. deSaulles having determined to accept a business offer from New York, which will necessitate his leaving Atlanta. By September first, we propose to

CLOSE OUR BUSINESS!

And during the next NINETY DAYS, to offer our entire stock of Dry Goods and Notions at

Cost to 50c in the Dollar.

We trust that we are sufficiently well known in this community to be believed and that what we say can be relied upon. We are obliged to sell and realize upon our goods and our aim will be to

Turn our Goods into Cash,

Regardless of what they cost, or of their value. We are aware that times are hard and inauspicious to close a business, but from that very fact our customers will receive goods at the most positive

Slaughtering Prices!

Never in the history of Atlanta has a stock of the magnitude of this been been thus thrown upon the market, and goods at

Astonishing Low Prices!!

WILL REWARD AN EXAMINATION.

LOUIS deSAULLES & CO.,

june6—dtf Corner Whitehall and Hunter Streets.

DRY GOODS, &c.

M. RICH! M. RICH!

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

— AND —

Forced Sale

OF MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions, AND LADIES SHOES.

The Property owners having determined to Build up the Block in which my store is located, I am FORCED to Pack up or SELL OUT by the

First of July!!

I prefer to sell, get the CASH, and buy a new Stock in the fall, when my store will be rebuilt. I will, on

MONDAY NEXT,

Throw my entire Stock on the trade, and sell it out AT ANY SACRIFICE.

This is no Humbug Catch penny advertisement. My reasons for selling are plain to all. Therefore, do not hesitate to come. Such opportunities do not present themselves often. Take advantage of this one,

AND BUY YOUR GOODS AT HALF PRICE.

june6—dsun-tues&wed2w

DRY GOODS, &c.

SECOND STOCK!

We Shall offer, THE COMING WEEK, the

Cheapest and Most Attractive Stock

Ever offered in Atlanta. This is our second stock this season and the goods have been bought when the market was depressed. We can only give a few of the goods and prices

Pure Linen Lawns at 20 cents per yard.
1 yard White Percals at 10 cents per yard.
Best Brands of Prints at 9 cents per yard.
Beatiful Wash Poplins at 12½ cents per yard.
Beautiful Silks Scarfs at 15 cents and up.
Ruffs for the neck at 50 cents per dozen.
Beautiful Sash Ribbon at 20 cents.
All-Linen Napkins 50 cents per dozen.

The best Kid Gloves in Atlanta $1 25 per pair. Each pair guaranteed, if they rip on trying on another pair given.

Splendid Pure Linen Lawns at 20 cents,

Grenadines! Grenadines!

We have the best line of Grenadines in this city. Color of each piece warranted. We are now selling these goods for what other merchants paid for them. All the new styles in them—Plain, striped and Checks.

Our stock of DRESS GOODS contains many novelties never before shown in this market before. Splendid line of Plaids just received at greatly reduced prices. All the new styles in Dress Goods, such as Mozena Nets, Embroidered Linens, Linen Grenadines Linen Zephyrs, and many others,

WHITE GOODS! WHITE GOODS!

In this stock we have Bargains that must seem be seen to be appreciated. Many goods at less than half the cost of importation.

Lace Sacques! Lace Points!

These goods we begin at from a dollar a piece and then run up. We guarantee them to be thirty per cent. cheaper than they can be bought in this market. All our goods at greatly reduced prices.

may16—d3taw1m LOWE, DOUGLASS & DALLAS.

DOT OLD PAPER BUSTLE.

BY CARL PRETZEL.

How expensive of me when I dink of my galhood,
Vhen old mudder vine vos hold dem to vew;
Der garden, der cabbage, der wheet-sweelin rose bud,
Der ret pandyloons vot my infancy knew;
Der vide-spreading hoobs, and der dress vot stood by it;
Der bonnet and cap vhere der vatervall fell;
Der long woolen shtockings alt a snug looking fit,
And der old paper bustle vat hung on so vell.
Oh, dot old paper bustle, dot newspaper bustle,
Dot cloth-covered bustle vat hung on so vell.

Oh dat moth-eaten hunch, I vas half dat a treasure,
As morn, noon and night, by my house I got loose;
I yoost dook him up, and examined mit pleasure,
Und dinked it der beautifulist lifter in use,
How nerfous I got me, ven I folded him out,
Und doubled and shqueezed him, der bundle shwell;
In shapes it got bully; der shtings dhey vas stout
On der old paper bustle dat fitted so vell;
Dat rag paper-bustle, dat worm-eaten bustle,
Dat dress-lifting bustle dat hung on so vell.

How sweet it vas looking ven der back was all in;
Ven properly mounted it inclined to der shky;
Not much many tollers would tempt me to leave it,
Der varmest, der tightest, not doomans vas shly.
But now I vas old und wrinkled und gray,
Und der tear in my eye vas intrusively shwell;
Books me back of my memory to dot habby day,
Ven I vore me dot bustle vot hung on so vell.
Oh, dot old paper bustle, dot vire-covered bustle,
Dot moth-eaten bustle vas shduck on vell.

BREVITIES.

—Strauss composed his first waltz when seven years of age, his father boxing his ears for fooling away his time.

—Boyton's swimming clothes are a success. The only difficulty is that they cost about as much as a trip to Europe by steamer, so that nobody will want to paddle across, after all.

—They have a female barber in Brooklyn. She is seventeen, soft-handed, sweet of breath, pretty plump, and graceful, and, what is better than all, deaf and dumb.

—Joaquin Miller would rather write poetry than steal; but every body else would rather he'd steal than write poetry, and if the state prison should yawn for him they would endure it.

—Uncle John Brougham, as hale and handsome as he was ten years ago, divides his time between labor on his "Memoirs," preparing for the press, and an occasional rubber of whist at the Lotus.

—An old sailor of Brewster, Mass., has recently married a lovely Yarmouth belle. He is ninety years of age, but he reckons he isn't so old but what he can haul a corset just as taut as he ever could.

—Montague has taken Greeley's advice and gone west. Now, pretty sunflowers, worship the descending sun. Soon Rignold will go east, and foolish females can worship east or west as they list.

—In a couple of months Sheridan will be astonished to hear: "You may be lieutenant-general of the United States, Philip; but that doesn't signify that you can run this establishment."

—It's all a matter of taste and habit, you know. Fred Grant don't like war, and so he is going to resign and go into the real estate and banking business. Phil. Sheridan has got tired of peace, and so he is going to get married.—*Detroit News.*

—Here is an extract from a letter written to her lover by a Montgomery, Ala., girl: "For your sake, darling, I have quit using chewing-gum; would you have quit gum for me? I would not have quit gum for any other person in the whole world!"

—Mr. Tennyson's drama, which he has been at work on for so long a time, is now in press and will soon be published. It is entitled "Queen Mary," and embraces the life of Mary Tudor from her accession to death, together with the chief scenes in her reign.

—Mrs. Rousby sailed for Europe last week on the steamer Germanic of the White Star line. She will return in August to rehearse a new play from the pen of Dion Boucicault, written expressly for her. It will be produced at Booth's theatre sometime in October or November.

—Miss Clara Louise Kellogg, having closed her season at New Haven, was invited to consultation with the proposed donor of $5,000,000 for a musical college, last week. The secret of the identity of this millionaire is known to very few. He is not a myth, but an old bachelor. Miss Kellogg has gone to her home on the Hudson. She made The Talisman the feature of the closing weeks of English opera, and for next year new operas and new singers are promised. Among the former is Sir John Benedict's Lily of Killarney.

MARKET REPORTS.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, June 9.—Cotton quiet; sales 1,120 bales; uplands 15⅝; Orleans 16⅛. Futures opened weak; July 15 17-32; August 15 21-32; September 15 9-16a15⅝; October 15 3-16a15 7-32.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat 1c better. Corn 1c better. Pork firm at $19 50. Lard firm; steam 13¾. Turpentine heavy. Rosin quiet at $1 80a$1 90 for strained. Freights heavy.

Stocks active at better prices. Money 2. Gold 16⅝. Exchange—long $4 87½; short $4 90½. Governments active. State bonds quiet.

LIVERPOOL, June 9, noon—Cotton dull and depressed; middling uplands 7 11-16; middling Orleans 7⅞; sales 8,000 bales, including 1,000 bales for speculation and export.

LIVERPOOL, June 9, 2:00 P. M.—Cotton sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below low middlings delivered in June or July 7⅝; do. delivered in July or August 7 9-16. Breadstuffs quiet.

LIVERPOOL, June 9, 3:00 P. M.—Cotton sales to-day include 3,600 bales American.

LONDON, June 9.—Erie 15¾. Street rate 3 1-16, which is ⅛ below bank rate.

PARIS, June 9.—Rentes 65f 50c.

SHIPPING NEWS.

NEW YORK, June 9.—Arrived—Gilbert. Arrived out—Abbotsford, Bolivia, Artillerist, Agra, Patria, Bachelor, Ophir, Frank Marion, My Rover, Addie K. Bentley, Hamlet, Lucy Wright, S. S. Beckmorn, David Clarke, Lady Dufferin, Edward McDowell, Talisman, Melantheon, Nicholas, Clara, Maria, Louisa, Peter Gustaf, August.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current

[CORRECTED DAILY.]
CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, Ga., June 9, 1875.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—
Buying.....$1 13 Selling..........$1 15
SILVER—
Buying.....$1 05 Selling..........$1 10
EXCHANGE—
Buying at.....par Selling..........¼ prem
BONDS—
Georgia 6s..........85a88 Atlanta City 8s..82a84
Georgia 7s..........95a98 Aug'sta City 8s..81a83
Ga. 7s gold..96a$1 00 Georgia R. R.......90a92
Ga. 8s gold..$1a$1 03 A. & W.P.R. R..98a$1
Atlanta Water..73a75 Savannah City..82a85
Atlanta City 7s..73a75
STOCKS—
Ga. R. R.......75a80 A. & W. P. R. R.65a70
C. R. R..........55a58

Atlanta Produce Market.

PORK—car load..........7¾ gross.
BEEF CATTLE..........
EGGS..........2a5
BUTTER—..........16a17½
Country..........
POULTRY—..........15a20
grown chickens..........
spring chickens..........30a33
Geese..........15a25
Ducks..........50
FEATHERS..........18
BEESWAX..........50
RAGS..........25
DRIED FRUIT—..........2½a3
Peaches, unpeeled..........none
Peaches peeled..........none
Apples, peeled..........none

Atlanta Grocery Market.

CORN—
prime white..........$1 08
MEAL..........$1 10
GRITS..........$1 10
WHEAT—nominal..........$6 50
BUCKWHEAT—per bbl..........$10 00
OATS..........75a80
..........$1 50a1 75

Mixed..........$1 40a1 50
HAY—
Timothy..........
Tennessee..........$1 65a1 75
Clover..........$1 25a1 50
FLOUR—..........$1 40
Fancy..........
Extra family..........$7 75a8 00
Family..........$7 25a7 50
Extra..........$6 75a7 00
Superfine..........$6 00a6 25
BACON—..........$5 75
Clear sides..........none
Clear rib sides..........none
Shoulders..........13¾
BULK MEATS—..........10¾
Long clear and clear rib sides..........12¾a13
Shoulders..........
Hams..........9¾
LARD—..........12½
Tierces..........
Kegs and cans..........16a17
Buckets..........17½a18
HAMS—..........17½a18
Sugar-cured..........
Country..........15½
MOLASSES—..........13½a14
Barrels..........
Tierces..........42½
SYRUPS—..........40
New York..........
New Orleans..........60a75
MACKEREL—..........75a80
No. 1 half bbls $7 50; kits..........
No. 2 half bbls $6 50; kits..........$1 75
No. 3 bbls $10 00; ½ bbls $5 00; kts $1 15..........$1 50
COFFEE—
Rio..........
Java..........21½a23½
SUGAR—..........36
A..........
White extra C..........11½
Yellow C..........11
Demerara..........10a10¾
New Orleans..........10¼a11
..........9½a11

ROPE—Annawakee 25a27.

Ties—5a7½.

Spices—pepper 28; ginger 18; alspice 20; nutmegs $1 75; cloves 50.

Salt—Virginia $2 00; Liverpool $1 75.

Vinegar—24a40.

Soap—poor man's $3 50; laundry $2 50; English crown $3 75.

Starch—.

Rice—bbls 8½; tierces 8½.

Coffee—Rio 23a25; LaGuira none; Java 38.

Soda—kegs 6½; assorted papers 7½.

Crackers—C soda 4½a6c; A soda 5½a7; butter 5a7; pic-nic 5a7; oyster 6a8; milk 9½a12; wine 10a12; Boston butter 10a12; sugar 8½a10; C cream 8½a10; lemon cream 9½a11; hand-made sugar jumbles 13a16; hand-made lemon cakes 14a16; hand-made tea-cakes 15a20; hand-made scolloped sugar cakes 10a18; oco cakes 10a12; ginger snaps 9a12; ginger bread 8a9.

Candy—assorted stick, per box, $3 50a75; fancy 18a35.

Canned and Case Goods—1 lb oyster, per dozen $1a1 10; 2 lb. oysters, per dozen, $2 25a2 50; sardines, per case, $17½ 50; salmon, per dozen $2 50; lobsters, per dozen, $2 40; tomatoes, per dozen, $1 75a2 00; peaches, per dozen, $2 50a3 75; pineapples $2 25a2 75; green corn $3 50; green peas $2 25a2 75; Lima beans 2 lbs. $3a3 25; condensed milk 1 lb $3a3 25.

Pickles, Mustard and Sauce—Gerkins, pts per case $1 75a2; qts per case $3a3 25; half gals $4 50a5; gals, half doz $3 25a3 50; half bbls. $6 50a8; English pickles, pts $4 25a5; Colman's mustard per doz $2a2 25; French mustard per doz, $2a2 35; Lea & Perrins Worcestershire Sauce $5a5 50; tomato catsup pts $1 25a1 50; qts $2 25a2 50; pepper sauce red $1 25a1 50; green $1 50a1 75.

Flavoring Extracts—Lemon per doz $2 25a2 50; vanilla $2 75a3; assorted $2 25a2 50.

Sardines—qrs $17a17 50.

Fire Crackers—No. 1 extra, 40 packs per box, $3 50.

Teas—Oolong 75a$1; imperial 75a$1; gunpowder 75a$1.

Cheese—State dairy 15a18½.

Onions—silver skin, very choice $5 50a6; red $5 50a6.

Apples—choice to fancy $5a6.

Oranges—Louisiana, each 2½a3½.

Lemons—per box $7 50a$8.

Raisins—Layers, whole, per box $3 50a4; half $1 85a2; quarters $1.

Currants—per lb. 10a12½.

Citron—Leghorn, per lb 40a45; English.

Figs—Selected Eleme, drums per lb, new 25old 17½.

Dates—in 25 and 30 boxes, per lb 12½a15.

Prunes—in bbls. per lb 12½a14.

Nuts and Almonds—Languedoc 25a27½; pecan nuts 11a15; Brazil nuts 15; English walnuts 15a20; filberts 15a17.

Pea Nuts—Tennessee choice per bushel $2 00; Wilmington fancy per lb 10.

Sundries—Dried herring 60a75; Bologna sausage 12½a15; Atmore's mince meat 12c per lb in half bbls.

Wood Ware—2 hp brass-bound red cedar buckets, per dozen $3 50; 3 hp brass-bound red cedar buckets per doz $3 50; 2 hp brass-bound juniper buckets $6; 3 hp juniper buckets $7; 2 hp painted buckets $2 50a3 60; well buckets $5a6 50; painted tubs, 3 in nest, $3 65a3 75; No. 18 sieves per doz. $2 25; brooms, per doz, $2 75a4 50; matches, parlor per gross $3 25; bail boxes per doz $3 00.

Lime—35a50; hydraulic $1 50.

Cement—$3 50a$4.

Concentrated Lye, per case, $8 00; pot ash, per case, $8 00.

Copperas—4c.

Kerosene Oil—18a20.

Blacking—35a70.

Candles—17½.

Axle Grease—per dozen, $1 50.

Table Salt—per dozen, $1 50.

Nails—For 12d, 10d. $3 75. per keg additional for diminishing sizes.

Powder—Rifle $6 50; blasting $4 50. Shot—drop per bag, $2 40; buck, per bag, $2 75.

Iron—Bar iron $3 50; axes $11a13 50; steel 20a22; shovels—Ames' 12a$14 50; horse and mule shoes 7a8; horse shoe nails 20a30. Scofield Rolling Mill standard sizes by carload 3c; do. less than carload 3½a4; sundry sizes carload 3¾a3¾; sundry sizes less than carload 3¾a5¼; steel, 3 to 4 inch, 1c extra; do. ⅝ to ⅞ inch, 2c; horse shoe ⅜ extra; tire ⅝ extra.

Leather—Sole, hemlock, good damaged 26a28; good 29a33; white oak 40a50; black upper 40a55.

Wool—Washed 35a50c; unwashed 25c.

Yarn—$1 20.

Seeds—Clover $8 50; timothy $4 50; orchard grass $3 25; blue grass $2; herd's grass 2 25; Hungarian millet $2.

Tobacco.

Chewing—Common, sound, 11-in new per pound 55a60; do., 11-in old 57a65; medium, 11-in old 65a85, good 11-in old 68a75; fine 11-in. old 75a85; bright navys 60a65; bright qrs. 12-in 60a65; good 70a75; fine 85a90; 12-inch pounds, good 75a90; very fine, Gravely $1 10; fine cut, home made 80a85; Sunny Side, per gross $10 70; Welcome $10; Century $10; in bulk, per lb. $1 10; Log Cabin $1 10; Calhoun $1 25; Stults AAAA $1 10.

Smoking—Durham, per pound 65a75; Highlander $1; Lone Jack $1 75a2; Dew Drop 75; in case 65; Merry Maids 55; case 50. The Weed 50; case 45; Seal of North Carolina 75; case 65; Little Joker 65; case 60; Louisiana Perique $3; Virginity $1 50; Caprice $1 75; Straight Cut $1 75; Cavendish $1 25.

Wines and Liquors.

Corn whisky, proof, 100 per cent., from $1 45 to $1 90, 80 per cent., $1 20, white Pure Robertson County whisky from $1 45 to $3 00; Bourbon from $1 45 to $5; proof rye $1 45 to $6; apple brandy $2 25 to $2 50; peach Brandy from $2 50 to $3; ginger brandy from $1 45 to $2 00; cognac from $1 75 to $3 25; pure imported from $8 to $12; domestic $1 75a3; Jamaica rum $3 50a4 50; pure cherry brandy from 1 45 to $1 75; gin from $1 75 to $2 75; pure imported from $4 to $6; rum from $1 50 to $4; pure port wine from $2 to $6; sherry wine from $2 to $6; claret in cases $6 per dozen; golden crown champagne, pints, $16, quarts, $14; Heidsie & Co., pints, $30, quarts $28.

Fresh Meats.

Beef—Loin 15c; roast 15c; choice steaks 15c; chuck 12½c; brisket 10c. Pork nominal, 12½c. Mutton 12½a15c. Veal 15c.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

Ticking—Amoskeag A C A 25c; Conestoga C C A 18c; Lewiston A 30 inch 20c; Biddeford A 13½c; A A 17c; A A A 20c; B 12½c; Minnehaha 7-8 22½c; A C A 30 inch 23c; Pittsfield 7½; Eagle and Phœnix 4-4 25c; 38 in. 24.

Stripes—American 12c; Arasapha 12 1-2c; Massabesic 14c to 15c; Uncasville A 11 to 12c.

Corset Jeans—Kearsage 12½c.; Laconia 11½c; Naumking Sateen 13½c.

Osnaburgs—Alabama, No. 1, 10½c; Trion factory 14c. Milledgeville—8 oz. 14; 6 oz 12½.

Paper Cambrics—Manville 7½; Lonsdale 7½; Masonville 8c; S S & Sons 8c; Garner 7½c; high colors 8½c.

Glazed Cambrics—Ellerton 6½c; Franklin 6½c; Harmony 6½, high colors, 7c.

Kentucky Jeans—Alpine cloth 35c; Cuba 22½c; Fairfax 16c; Gulf mill 22½c; Hillside 10½c; Pacific R. R. 37½c; Preferred Doeskin 37½c; Red Cloud 20; Missouri 22; Port Royal 25; Atlas 30; Lewellyn 23½; West Lake 28½c.

Dress Goods—corded alpacas 22½c; 3-4 solid 17a18; fancy delaines 20; Balermo stripes 22.

Linseys—19½a20c.

Flannels—white 22½a40; red 20a40; shaker 50a60.

Prints—Amoskeag 7½; Arnold's specialty 8½; Albion 8½; Ancona 8; Bedford 7½a8; Conestoga 8½; Dunnell's 8½a9; Garner's 9; Hartel's 9; Sprague 8½a9; Glougester 8½; Simpson's black 9; Simpson's grays 9; American 8; Freeman's side bands 8; Allen's 7 a8.

Brown Sheetings and Shirtings.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 10; 7-8 8½; yarns $1 20; sewing and knitting thread 50c.

Augusta and Graniteville—3-4 shirting 6½ cents per yard; 7-8 shirtings 8½ per yard; 4-4 sheetings 8½ per yard; 7-8 drill 10½ per yard.

Concord Mills—Jeans 65; cashmarets plain 65; cassimeres twilled 75a$1 15; cadet grey $1 25.

Eagle and Phœnix—stripes 11; fancies, fashion 12½c; checks 13; Georgia plaids 12½c.

Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings.

Amoskeag A 36 in. 14c; Z 33 in. 9c. Ark wright 36 in. 15½c. Auburn S. 36 in. 13½c. Boott E 36 in. 9c; R 28 in. 7½c. Cabot ¾ 10c; 36 in. 11½c. Canoe 27 in. 6c. Fruit of the Loom 36 in. 13c. Gem of the Spindle 14c. Hope 36 in. 12c. Linwood 36 in. 12½c. Lonsdale 36 in. 12½c. Social L. 36 in. 10c. Suffolk L. 36 in. 7c. Wamsutta OXX 36 in 15½c; OHH 36 in. 18c. Wessacumcon H. 33 in. 9c. Tuscarora 15½. Pocahontas 12½. Seaside 12½. Holmesville 13. Rosebud 18. Ticonderoga 33 in. 11½. Columbia 9½. Ballon & Son 10a7½a9. Chestnut Hill 9½. Diamond Hill 12. White river 10. Roger Williams 10½. Grant Mills S. Red Dog 7. Domestic Ginghams—Gloucester 9 1-2. Lancaster 12c; Baird 12c.

Drugs, Oils, etc.

Opium, per lb, $11 00; bi-carbonate soda, per lb, 6 50; bluestone, per lb, 14a15; copperas, per lb, 3a3½; Epsom salts, per lb, 6; madder, per lb, 16a17; alum, per lb, 6; borax, per lb, 40; brimstone, per lb, 6a7; camphor, per lb, 50; indigo, per lb, 1 00a1 30; quinine, per ounce, $3 50; saltpetre, per lb, 12a15; copal varnish, per gal, $2 00a3 50; Japan varnish, per gal, $1 25a1 75; coach varnish, per gal, $3 50a5 00; white lead, per lb, 9¼a14; white lead, pure per lb, 14a15; castor oil, per gal, $1 15; stock powders, per doz, $1 25a1 75; lemon syrup, per doz, $3 75a5 00; gum assafœtida 40a50; acid, sulphuric, carboy, 11 gal, 50; catechu, per lb, 9½; flaxseed, per lb, 10; alcohol, per gal, $2 00a2 25; raw linseed oil, per gal, $1 10; boiled linseed oil, per gal, $2 40; sweet oil, per gal, $2 00; sperm oil, per gal, $1 75a2 00; whale oil, per gal, oil, per gal, 75a$1 00; kerosene oil, per gal, $1a1 25; lard oil, per gal, $1 18a1 20; tanners oil.

Junk Market.

Rags—Buying prices 2½c. Waste paper—buying prices 1c. Scrap Iron—Buying prices ½c. Old Copper—Buying prices 12a15. Twine—Paper, selling price per lb., 25; Jute 1a25; Cotton 20a25; Flax 40a50.

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

SIMMONS' TAKE LIVER REGULATOR.

The Symptoms of Liver Complaint are uneasiness and pain in the side. Sometimes the pain is in the shoulder, and is mistaken for rheumatism. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, bowels in general costive, sometimes alternating with lax. The head is troubled with pain, and dull, heavy sensation, considerable loss of memory, accompanied with painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. Often complaining of weakness, debility, and low spirits. Sometimes many of the above symptoms attend the disease, and at other times very few of them; but the Liver is generally the organ most involved.

THE FAVORITE HOME REMEDY.

Is warranted not to contain a single particle of Mercury, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

Purely Vegetable,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail, IT WILL CURE ALL DISEASES CAUSED BY DERANGMENT OF THE LIVER AND BOWELS,

Simmon's Liver Regulator,

OR MEDICINE, is eminently a Family Medicine; and by being kept ready for immediate resort will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bill.

After over Forty Years' trial it is receiving the most unequalified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Eminent physicians commend it as the most

EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC

for Constipation, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, billous attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, despondency, gloom and forebodings of evil, all of which are the offspring of a deceased Liver.

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion.

Armed with this ANTIDOTE, all diseases and changes of water and food may be faced without fear. As a Remedy in MALARIOUS FEVERS, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, RESTLESSNESS, JAUNDIC, NAUSEA,

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

It is the Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

CAUTION!

Buy no powders or PREPARED SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR unless in our engraved wrapper, with Trade mark, Stamp and Signature unbroken. None other is genuine.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Macon, Ga., and Philadelphia.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

TAKE
SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

For all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Spleen.

As a Remedy in
MALARIOUS FEVERS, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA MENTAL DEPRESSION, RESTLESSNESS, JAUNDICE, NAUSEA, SICK HEADACHE, COLIC, CONSTIPATION and BILIOUSNESS

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I have never seen or tried such a simple, efficacious, satisfactory and pleasant remedy in my life."—H. HAINER, St. Louis, Mo.

Hon. Alex. H. Stephens.

"I occasionally use, when my condition requires it, Dr. Simmons' Liver Regulator, with good effect."—HON. A. H. STEPHENS.

Governor of Alabama.

"Your Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am persuaded it is a valuable addition to the medical science."—GOV. J. GILL SHORTER, Ala.

"I have used the Regulator in my family for the past seventeen years. I can safely recommend it to the world as the best medicine I have ever used for that class of disease it purports to cure."—H. F. THIGPEN.

President of City Bank.

"Simmons' Liver Regulator has proved a good and efficacious medicine."—C. A. NUTTING.

Druggist.

"We have been acquainted with Dr. Simmons' Liver Medicine for more than twenty years, and know it to be the best Liver Regulator offered to the public."—M. R. LYON and H. L. LYON, Bellefontaine Ga.

"I was cured by Simmons' Liver Regulator, after having suffered several years with chills and fever."—R. F. ANDERSON.

The Clergy.

"Have been a dyspeptic for years; began the Regulator two years ago; it has acted like a charm in my case."

REV. J. C. HOLMES.

Ladies Indorsement.

"I have given your medicine a thorough trial, and in no case has it failed to give full satisfaction." ELLEN MEACHAM, Chattahoochee, Fla.

Sheriff Bibb County.

"I have used your Regulator with successful effect in Bilious Colic and Dyspepsia. It is an excellent remedy, and certainly a public blessing."—C. MASTERSON, Bibb county, Ga.

My Wife.

"My wife and self have used the Regulator for years, and testifies to its great virtues."—Rev. J. R. FELDER, Perry, Ga.

"I think Simmons' Liver Regulator one of the best medicines ever made for the Liver. My wife, and many others, have used it with wonderful effect."—E. K. SPARKS, Albany, Ga.

M. D.

"I have used the Regulator in my family and also in my regular practice, and have found it a most valuable and satisfactory medicine, and believe if it was used by the profession it would be of service in very many cases. I know very much of its component parts, and can certify its medicinal qualities are perfectly harmless."—B. F. GRIGGS, M. D., Macon, Ga.

LIFE INSURANCE.

JANUARY 1, 1875.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF

HARTFORD, CONN.

TWENTY-NINTH ANNUAL STATEMENT.

NET ASSETS, January 1, 1874..........$36,266,802 20

RECEIVED IN 1874.

For Premiums..........$7,512,154 00
For Interest and Rents..........2,536,858 83
..........10,049,013 10
..........$46,315,815 30

DISBURSED IN 1874.

TO POLICY-HOLDERS:
For claims by death & Matured endowments..$2,600,203 71
Surplus returned to Policy-Holders..........3,037,872 83
Elapsed and surrendered Policies..........790,072 65
..........6,428,149 19

EXPENSES:
Commissions to Agents..........
Salaries of officers, clerks, and all others employed upon salary..........$615,100 04
Medical Examiners' fees..........68,088 89
Printing, stationery, rents, advertising, postage, exchange, etc..........20,925 50
..........105,930 29
TAXES..........
..........810,044 72
..........239,353 54
..........7,477,547 45

Balance, net assets, December 31, 1874..........$38,838,267 85

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS;

Loans upon Real Estate (first lien), value $60 292,044..........$24,579,080 58
Loans upon Stocks and Bonds, value, $414,057..........282,383 78
Premiums Notes on Policies in force..........7,189,793 86
Cost of Real Estate owned by the Company..........1,403,083 33
Cost of United States Registered Bonds..........1,630,836 80
Cost of State Bonds..........513,800 00
Cost of City Bonds..........1,746,605 00
Cost of Bank Stock..........80,205 00
Cost of Railroad Stock..........26,000 00
Cash in Bank, at interest..........1,207,044 07
Cash in Company's office..........6,888 38
Balance due from Agents, secured..........71,757 05
..........$38,838,267 85

And Interest accrued and due..........
Market valu of Stocks and Bonds over cost..........$1,262,852 02
Net Premiums in course of Collection..........307,376 20
Net deferred quarterly and semi-annual Premiums,..........1,103 88
..........34,34,096 04
..........1,605,428 14

Gross Assets, December 31, 1874..........$40,443.695 99

LIABILTIES;

Amount required to reinsure all outstanding Policies, net, assuming 4 per cent. interest..........
EXTRA RESERVE..........$35,832,186 00
All other liabilties..........86,809 51
..........698,117 00
..........36,512,112 41

SURPLUS, December 31, 1874..........$3,831,583 48
Increase of assets during 1874..........$2,762,471 92
Ratio of expenses of management to receipts in 1874, 8 06 per cent.
Policies in force, December 31, 1874, 65,316, insuring..........$185,366.633 00

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of the CONNECTICUT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

From its organization, December 15, 1846, to December 31, 1874.

RECEIVED:

For Premiums..........$80,338,544 93
For Interest and Rents..........18,523,135 10
..........$98,851,680 03

DISBURSED:

TO POLICY-HOLDERS:
Claims by death and matured endowments..........$20,300,874 53
Surplus returned to policy-holders..........25,300,707 67
Surrendered and lapsed Policies..........3,969,672 85
..........$49,571,255 05

EXPENSES;
Commissions to Agents..........
Salaries of all officers, clerks, and others employed upon salary..........$6,907,411 75
Medical Examiners' fees..........664,590 70
Printing, stationery, rent, exchange, postage, advertising, and all miscellaneous charges..........309,241 08
..........766,687 73
TAXES, AND PROFIT LOSS..........
Total Disbursements..........8,647,931 26
..........1,804,225 87
..........60,923,112 15

Balance, net assets, December 31, 1874..........$38,838,267 85
Ratio of expenses to receipts..........8.74 per cent.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

HARTFORD, CONN., March 18, 1875.

To the Members of the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO.:

We, the undersigned, elected auditors for the year, 1874, hereby certify that we have carefully examined the books, accounts, vouchers, and assets of THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, for the year ending December 31, 1874; that we find said books and accounts truly; the proper vouchers to be in the possession of the Company, and the said Company to be in actual possession and ownership of the assets claimed by it; and the accompanying statement, by the Secretary, of the receipts, disbursements, and assets of the said Company to be true and correct.

GEO. W. ROOT,
E. WADSWORTH, } Auditors.

JEWETT & ROGERS, Agents, Macon, Georgia.
C. M. CLARK, Agent, Albany, Georgia.
D. F. WILCOX, Agent, Columbus, Georgia.
M. A. COHEN, Agent, Savannah, Georgia.
J. J. COHEN & SON, Agents, Augusta, Georgia.

ROBERT R. BREN,
GENERAL AGENT,
Savannah, Ga.

COL. I. W. AVERY,
ASSISTANT GENERAL AGENT,
Atlanta, Ga.

may23—d2taw5w-deod2w-d10t

GEORGIA STATE FAIR.

THE GREAT

Georgia State Fair! 1875!

The Annual Fair for 1875 of the Georgia State Agricultural Society will be held in

Macon, Ga.,

At the Beautiful CENTRAL CITY PARK GROUNDS,

— BEGINNING —

MONDAY, OCTOBER 18,

AND CONTINUING ONE WEEK.

A large, varied and liberal Premium List covering all Departments of Industry, from which the following are extracts:

Field Crop Department.

For the best and largest display in merit and variety of sample products from the field, garden, orchard, dairy and apiary—the contribution of a single farm..........$100 00
For the best six stalks of cotton—to become the property of the Society..........50 00
For the best five bales, crop lot of short staple cotton, by one exhibitor..........150 00
For the best single bale of short staple..........50 00
For the best single bale upland long staple..........50 00

Horse Department.

Best thoroughbred stallion..........$100 00
Best walking horse..........50 00
Best saddle horse or mare..........75 00
Best single buggy horse or mare..........75 00
Best combination horse or mare..........100 00
Best double team, owned by one exhibitor..........100 00
Best Georgia raised mule..........50 00
Best mule, open to the world..........50 00

Cattle Department.

Best herd—one bull and four cows or heifers—all to be of one breed and owned exclusively by one exhibitor..........$100 00
Best milch cow..........50 00
Cow giving the richest milk..........50 00
$40 and $20 for the best bull and cow, respectively, of each of the following breeds: Alderney, Ayrshire, Devon and Durham.
Best sow and pigs under six months old..........

Poultry Department.

For best trio of each variety..........50 00
Best and largest display in merit and variety of domestic fowls, raised in Georgia..........$10 00
Best and largest display in merit and variety of same, open to the world..........50 00
Best display of pigeons..........20 00
Best display of rabbits..........10 00

Horticultural Department.

Best display of garden vegetables, grown by one person..........$25 00

Home Industry Department.

Best collection of jellies, preserves, pickles, jams, catsups, syrups, and cordials, made and exhibited by one lady..........$50 00
Best display of breads by one lady..........25 00

Ornamental Needle Work.

Best display in merit and variety of female handicraft, embracing needlework, embroidery, crocheting, knitting, etc., by one lady..........$50 00

Fine Art Department.

Best oil painting (any subject)..........$25 00
Best portrait painting..........20 00
Best painting in water colors..........20 00
Best display of paintings and drawings by one exhibitor..........25 00
Best collection of drawings by a girl under sixteen years of age..........25 00
Best display of paintings and drawings by the pupils of one school or college..........50 00
Best display of photographs..........Silver medal and 25 00
Best display of jewelry, silverware, etc..........Silver medal and 25 00

Merchants' Department.

Best display of dry goods..........$100 00
Best display of fancy groceries..........100 00
Best display of glassware and crockery..........50 00
Best display of clothing..........25 00
Best display of millinery..........25 00

Special Premium for Granges.

To the Grange in the State making the largest and finest display in merit variety, of stock, products, and results of home industries, all raised, produced or made by the members of that particular Grange..........$150 00

THE ABOVE ARE BUT SPECIMENS of a comprehensive list of large MONEY Premiums.

THE BEST AND LARGEST LIVE STOCK show ever held in the State or the South. More and finer horses, mules, cattle, sheep, swine, and poultry, than ever before exhibited. Parties wishing fine stock, as a fine harness or saddle horse, milch cow, thoroughbred bull, trio of chickens, etc., will find the occasion of this Fair a rare opportunity to secure them.

SEVERAL EMINENT and representative men from the North and Northwest, have been invited to deliver addresses at the Fair, and many distinguished visitors throughout the whole country are expected.

THE PUBLIC will be kept posted of the progress and developments of the Fair in future advertisements.

SEND TO THE SECRETARY at Macon, for Premium Lists, embracing a full schedule of the premiums, rules, regulations, etc., and containing two engravings of the beautiful and magnificent Fair Grounds.

A. H. COLQUITT, President,
T. G. HOLT, General Superintendent.

june8—d&wtf

RAILROADS.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN
PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE

VIA

Atlanta and Augusta

To Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train

CONNECTIONS by this line are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

Conductors on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The quickest time and sure connection made by this route.

Passengers can purchase through tickets and have their baggage checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York, by four different routes, via Augusta Kingsville and Wilmington; via Columbia Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta
As any other Route.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this Route.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find

SPLENDID LINE OF STEAMSHIPS

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on sale at Montgomery West Point and Atlanta to New York via Charleston Steamships.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent,
A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24-tf

Atlanta & West Point R. R.

TIME TABLES.

To take effect SUNDAY, JUNE 6th, 1875, at 10:25 p. m.

Passenger Train—Outward.

STATIONS.	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
Atlanta		10 25 p m
East Point	10 45 p m	10 45 p m
Red Oak	11 01 p m	11 06 p m
Fairburn	11 24 p m	11 25 p m
Palmetto	11 41 p m	11 42 p m
Powell's	12 05 a m	12 05 a m
Newnan	12 20 a m	12 21 a m
Pucket's	12 36 a m	12 41 a m
Grantville	12 56 a m	12 57 a m
Hogansville	1 17 a m	1 18 a m
Whitfield's	1 44 a m	1 44 a m
LaGrange	2 04 a m	2 05 a m
Long Cane	2 31 a m	2 31 a m
West Point	3 50 a m	

Passenger Train—Inward.

West Point		12 00 m
Long Cane	12 16 p m	12 16 p m
LaGrange	12 42 p m	12 43 p m
Whitfield	1 01 p m	1 01 p m
Hogansville	1 22 p m	1 23 p m
Grantville	1 38 p m	1 39 p m
Pucket's	1 54 p m	1 54 p m
Newnan	2 12 p m	2 13 p m
Powell's	2 28 p m	2 28 p m
Palmetto	2 50 p m	2 51 p m
Fairburn	3 06 p m	3 06 p m
Red Oak (meet outward mixed train)	3 22 p m	3 27 p m
East Point	3 42 p m	3 42 p m
Atlanta		

Mixed Train—Outward.

Atlanta		2 30 p m
East Point	2 55 p m	2 55 p m
Red Oak (meet inward Pass. Train)	3 15 p m	3 23 p m
Fairburn	3 47 p m	3 52 p m
Palmetto	4 12 p m	4 17 p m
Powell's	4 42 p m	4 47 p m
Newnan	5 05 p m	5 10 p m
Pucket's	5 28 p m	5 33 p m
Grantville	5 51 p m	5 56 p m
Hogansville (supper)	6 17 p m	6 37 p m
Whitfield's	7 12 p m	7 12 p m
LaGrange	7 36 p m	7 46 p m
Long Cane	8 21 p m	8 21 p m
West Point	8 45 p m	

Mixed Train—Inward.

West Point		2 55 a m
Long Cane	3 25 a m	3 25 a m
LaGrange	4 05 a m	4 10 a m
Whitfield's	4 40 a m	4 40 a m
Hogansville	5 15 a m	5 20 a m
Grantville	5 42 a m	5 47 a m
Pucket's	6 05 a m	6 10 a m
Newnan	6 28 a m	6 33 a m
Powell's	6 51 a m	6 56 a m
Palmetto	7 21 a m	7 26 a m
Fairburn (breakfast)	7 46 a m	8 11 a m
Red Oak	8 35 a m	8 40 a m
East Point	9 00 a m	9 00 a m
Atlanta	9 25 a m	

L. P. GRANT, Superintendent.

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line RAILWAY

Commencing Sunday
MAY 30th, 1875.

PASSENGER TRAIN EASTWARD.
(DAILY.)

Leave Atlanta	4 10 p m
Leave New Holland	6 50 p m
Leave Mt. Airy	8 16 p m
Leave Toccoa	9 00 p m
Leave Seneca City	10 21 p m
Leave Greenville	12 12 a m
Leave Spartanburg	1 44 a m
Arrive Charlotte	5 30 a m

PASSENGER TRAIN WESTWARD.
(DAILY.)

Leave Charlotte	8 00 p m
Leave Spartanburg	11 54 p m
Leave Greenville	1 28 a m
Leave Seneca City	3 09 a m
Leave Toccoa	4 34 a m
Leave Mt. Airy	5 15 a m
Leave New Holland	6 25 a m
Arrive Atlanta	9 30 p m

ACCOMMODATION,
(DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS,)

Leave Atlanta	6 30 a m
Arrive Atlanta	6 10 p m

Passenger trains Eastward connect at Charlotte with R. and D. trains, arriving at Richmond at 8:40 p. m., making close connections for all Eastern cities; also, with trains of C and O. Railroad for Virginia Springs, thereby avoiding midnight transfer at Charlottesville.

Passenger trains Eastward connect at Charlotte with trains of Carolina Central Railroad for Wilmington and with trains of Western Division of C. C. Railway for Lincolnton, &c.; also with trains of Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad.

Passenger trains Westward run in direct connection from 8 p. m., train out of New York, making time from

New York to Atlanta
ONLY 42 1-2 HOURS.

EXCURSION TICKETS TO VIRGINIA SPRINGS and other summer resorts on sale at principal coupon offices in South and Southwest.

Fare as Low and Time as Quick

To Eastern Cities or Virginia Springs as by any other Route of Atlanta

may20—dtf

JOHN B. PECK,
Master Transportation.

PASSENGERS

Going North or East,

WILL avoid night changes and secure the MOST COMFORTABLE AND SHORTEST ROUTE, by buying tickets

VIA THE VA. MIDLAND.

This route is ONE HUNDRED MILES SHORTER than any other to the

Springs of Virginia,

W. D. CHIPLEY,
General Southern Egent,
Atlanta, Ga.

G. J. FOREACRE,
General Manager,
Alexandria, Va.

[apr1—dtf

Memphis and Charleston R. R

MEMPHIS, TENN., OCT. 15, 1874.

NOTICE.

MR. AKERS having resigned as agent of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad at Atlanta, Mr. T. G. GARRETT has been appointed as his successor.

Planters and others desiring information in regard to transportation of freight from that section, may get reliable information by calling on or addressing

T. G. GARRETT.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Georgia Railroad.

Night Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	8 15 p m
Leaves Atlanta	10 30 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	6 25 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 00 a m

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	4 40 a m
Leaves Atlanta	7 00 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 45 p m
Arrives at Augusta	3 30 p m

Covington Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 p m
Leaves Covington	5 50 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	8 15 a m
Arrives at Covington	7 30 p m

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line R. R.

Passenger Train Eastward.

Leaves Atlanta	
Leave Gainesville	7 30 p m
Leave Toccoa	10 02 p m
Leave Seneca	12 01 a m
Leave Greenville	1 24 a m
Leave Spartanburg	3 21 a m
Arrive Charlotte	4 58 a m
	8 30 a m

Passenger Train Westward.

Leave Charlotte	7 00 a m
Arrive Spartanburg	11 03 a m
Leave Greenville	12 33 p m
Leave Seneca City	2 45 p m
Leave Toccoa	4 11 p m
Leave Gainesville	6 09 p m
Arrive Atlanta	9 10 p m

Central Railroad—Atlanta Division.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	2 05 p m
Arrives at Macon	7 27 p m
Leaves Macon	8 40 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	2 00 p m

Night Passenger and Freight Train.

Leaves Atlanta	10 40 p m
Arrives at Macon	5 45 a m
Leaves Macon	9 16 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 02 a m

On and after this date trains will not stop at West End.

☞ Central Railroad time 12 minutes ahead of Atlanta time.

Southwestern Railroad.

Eufaula Daily Mail Train.

Leaves Macon	9 05 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	5 40 p m
Arrives at Albany	3 25 p m
Leaves Eufaula	8 50 a m
Arrives at Macon	5 10 p m
Leaves Albany	10 47 a m

Connects with the Albany Train at Smithville, and the Fort Gaines train at Cuthbert daily, except Sunday.

Albany Train connects with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Trains at Albany, and will run to Arlington on Blakely Extension Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Eufaula Night Freight and Accommodation Train

Leaves Macon	9 10 p m
Arrives at Eufaula	10 20 a m
Leaves Eufaula	7 25 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 45 a m

Columbus Mail Train.

Leaves Macon	7 17 p m
Arrives at Columbus	12 45 a m
Leaves Columbus	2 30 p m
Arrives at Macon	7 25 p m

Making close connection with Western Railroad at Columbus for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, etc.

Columbus Day Freight and Accommodation Train.

Leaves Macon	9 20 a m
Arrives at Columbus	6 25 p m
Leaves Columbus	5 50 a m
Arrives at Macon	3 00 p m

Central Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Savannah	8 45 a m
Arrives in Macon	6 45 p m
Leaves Macon	7 15 a m
Arrives in Savannah	5 25 p m

Night Freight and Passenger.

Leaves Savannah	7 30 p m
Arrives in Macon	8 20 a m
Leaves Macon	7 35 p m
Arrives in Savannah	7 15 a m

Millen Branch.

Leaves Augusta	9 50 a m
Arrives in Millen	12 40 p m
Leaves Millen	1 10 p m
Arrives in Augusta	4 00 p m

Western & Atlantic Railroad

AND ITS CONNECTIONS.

"KENNESAW ROUTE."

The following Schedule takes effect June 5th, 1875.

NORTHWARD.

Leave Atlanta	No. 1.
Arrive Cartersville	4 10 p m
Arrive Kingston	6 14 p m
Arrive Dalton	6 42 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	8 24 p m
	10 25 p m
Leave Atlanta	No. 3.
Arrive Cartersville	7 00 a m
Arrive Kingston	9 22 a m
Arrive Dalton	9 56 a m
Arrive Chattanooga	11 54 a m
	1 56 p m
Leave Atlanta	No. 11.
Arrive Cartersville	5 55 p m
Arrive Kingston	8 41 p m
Arrive Dalton	9 17 p m
	11 35 p m

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Chattanooga	No. 2.
Arrive Dalton	4 00 p m
Arrive Kingston	5 41 p m
Arrive Cartersville	7 38 p m
Arrive Atlanta	8 12 p m
	10 15 p m
Leave Chattanooga	No. 4.
Arrive Dalton	5 00 a m
Arrive Kingston	7 01 a m
Arrive Cartersville	9 07 a m
Arrive Atlanta	9 42 a m
	12 06 n'n
Arrive Dalton	No. 12.
Arrive Kingston	1 00 a m
Arrive Cartersville	4 19 a m
Arrive Atlanta	5 18 a m
	9 30 a m

Pullman Palace Cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Pullman Palace Cars run on Nos 1 and 4, between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Pullman Palace Cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between Atlanta and Nashville.

Pullman Palace Cars run on Nos. 3 and 2, between Louisville and Atlanta.

☞ No change of cars between New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Atlanta and Baltimore, and only one change to New York.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 4 10 p. m., arrive in New York the second afternoon thereafter at 4 15 p. m.

Excursion Tickets to the Virginia Springs and various Summer Resorts will be on sale in New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, Macon, Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta, at greatly reduced rates 1st June.

Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.

Parties contemplating traveling should send for a copy of KENNESAW ROUTE GAZETTE, containing schedules, etc.

☞ Ask for Tickets via "Kennesaw Route."

B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

june4—dtf

GO TO

TEXAS

VIA THE

Lone Star Route!

International & Gt. Northern R. R

IT IS

The Shortest Quickest and Best ALL-RAIL LINE TO

Waco, Bremond,
Hearne, Rockdale,
Houston, Galveston,
Hempstead, Brenham,
Columbia, Austin,
San Antonio,

And all principal points in

Eastern, Central, Western & Southern TEXAS!

SEND for a GUIDE AND MAP of the route, which will be sent free, by addressing the General Ticket Agent International and Great Northern Railroad, HOUSTON, TEXAS.

jan8—w1y-n-r-m

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA DIVISION,
Central R. R. and Banking Co. of Georgia,
Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 10, 1874.

Change of Schedule.

ON and after Thursday, December 10, 1874, the trains between Atlanta and Carrollton will run as follows:

	Arrive.	Leave.
Carrollton		7 45 a m
Whitesburg	8 45 a m	8 55 a m
Sargents	9 15 a m	9 17 a m
Newnan	9 37 a m	9 52 a m
Sharpsburg	10 27 a m	10 29 a m
Turin	10 34 a m	10 37 a m
Senoia	10 57 a m	11 07 a m
Brooksville	11 32 a m	11 42 a m
Griffin	12 22 p m	12 36
Atlanta	2 55 p m	

RETURNING.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Atlanta		
Griffin		1 00 p m
Brooksville	3 15 p m	3 25 p m
Senoia	3 .. p m	4 05 p m
Turin	4 .. p m	4 .. p m
Sharpsburg	4 55 p m	4 .. p m
Newnan	5 .. p m	5 .. p m
Sargents	5 49 p m	5 .. p m
Whitesburg	6 24 p m	6 .. p m
Carrollton	7 .. p m	6 51 p m

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT LINE.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.

TO AND FROM

BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA NEW YORK BOSTON AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES

Three Times a Week from New York

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS.
Elegant State-Room Accommodations.
SEA VOYAGE TEN TO TWELVE HOURS SHORTER via CHARLESTON

The South Carolina Railroad Co.,

and connecting roads West, in alliance with the fleet of thirteen first-class steamships of the above ports, invite attention to the quick time and regular dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the

Port of Charleston.

...ering facilities of railroad and sea transportation for freight and passengers not excelled in excellence and capacity at any other port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the line:

TO NEW YORK.

MANHATTAN..........M. S. Woodhull, Commander.
CHAMPION..........R. W. Lockwood, Commander.
CHARLESTON..........James Berry, Commander.
JAMES ADGER..........T. J. Lockwood, Commander.
GEORGIA..........JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.
SOUTH CAROLINA..........S. Crowell, Commander.
..........T. J. Beckett, Commander.
WAGNER, HUETT & CO., WM. A. COURTNEY, Agents, Charleston, S. C.

TO PHILADELPHIA.

Iron Steamships

SHLAND..........Alex. Hunter, Commander.
QUATOR..........C. Hinckley, Commander.

SAILING DAYS—FRIDAYS.
WM. A. COURTNEY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TOTAL CAPACITY, 40,000 BALES MONTHLY

TO BALTIMORE.

FALCON..........Hainie, Commander.
VIRGINIA..........Johnson, Commander.
SEA GULL..........Dutton, Commander.

SAILING DAYS—EVERY FIFTH DAY.
PAUL C. TRENHOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TO BOSTON.

Steamship MERCEDITA and FLAG sails every Saturday.
JAS. ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.

Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets

...n be had at the principal railroad offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi. State rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of Steamships in Charleston, at whose offices, in all cases, the railroad tickets should be exchanged and berths assigned. The through tickets by this route include transfers, meals and state room while on shipboard.

The South Carolina Railroad

GEORGIA RAILROAD

and their connecting lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of freight and passengers between the Northern cities and the South and West. First class eating saloon at Branchville. On the Georgia and South Carolina Railroads first class sleeping cars. Freight promptly transferred from steamer to day and night trains of the South Carolina Railroad. Close connection made with other roads, delivering freight at distant points with great promptness. The managers will use every exertion to satisfy their patrons that the line *VIA CHARESTON* cannot be surpassed in dispatch and the safe delivery of goods.

Rates guaranteed as low as those of competing lines. Marine insurance one-half of cent.

For further information apply to J. J. GRIFFIN, Western Agent, Atlanta, Ga.; S. D. HASSELL, General Agent, P. O. Box 4979, Office 317 Broadway, N. Y.; S. B. PICKENS General Passenger and Ticket Agent, South Carolina Railroad, or J. M. SELKIRK, Superintendent Great Southern Freight and Passenger Line, Charleston, S. C.

oct23—

PLANING MILLS.

COOK, GUNBY & CO.

(GEO. W. D. COOK. WM. F. GUNBY. F. S. STEWART.)

CONTRACTORS FOR BUILDING,
And Proprietors

Atlanta Steam Planing Mills.

PREMIUM FOR WHITE PINE WORK AT GEORGIA STATE FAIR, 1874.

☞ SEND FOR PRICE LIST. ☜

WHITE PINE & HARD WOOD DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS, MOULDINGS,
Newels, Balusters, Hand Rails, Brackets, &c., &c.

No. 33 Foundry Street, on Western and Atlanta Railroad.

ATLANTA, - - - GEORGIA.

☞ BOXES of all kinds made to order ON SHORT NOTICE.

mar25—2tljan1875

HARDWARE AND CARRIAGE MATERIAL.

HARDWARE

Wholesale and Retail.

M'NAUGHT & SCRUTCHIN,

86 and 88 WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA.

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, Etc.,

LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH,

CARRIAGE AND WAGON MAKERS' WOOD WORK,
AXLES, BOXES, THIMBLE-SKEINS, Etc.,
SADDLERY AND HARNESS HARDWARE
HORSE AND MULE SHOES OF THE FINEST QUALITY,
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF DuPONT'S CELEBRATED
RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER.

oct18—d&w

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line RAILWAY.

ATLANTA, JUNE 5, 1875.

COMMENCING ON THIS DAY, AND on every SATURDAY thereafter, until further notice, Tickets will be sold as follows:

To New Holland and Return..........$2 25.
To Mount Airy and Return..........3 25.
To Toccoa and Return..........3 75.

These tickets will be good for return after the Monday succeeding the day of sale.

In consideration of the great reduction in rates at which these tickets are sold they will not be received for fare from passengers taking the train at any point except those named on the ticket.

june5—d2w

JOHN B. PECK.

FOR SALE.

Wood Working Machinery

THAT has been used but little. One Scroll Saw, one Morticing Machine, and one Tenon Machine, at VERY LOW PRICES. Also,

Dry Flooring, Ceiling,

Shingles, Laths and Mouldings, at REDUCED PRICES.

WHITE PINE DOORS,

Windows and Blinds. 3x7 Doors, 1⅜ thick, at $3 15; other sizes in proportion, at my yard, corner Forsyth and Hunter streets

may27—d2w

A. MURPHY.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION.

Marriage Guide.

A Private Counselor to the Married, or those about to marry, on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in the science of reproduction, preserving the complexion, &c.

This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage; still it is a book that ought to be kept under lock and key, and not laid carelessly about the house.

Sent to any one (free of postage) for Fifty Cents.

Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Valuable Hotel Property FOR RENT.

THE subscriber wishes to rent, for one or more years, that excellent Brick Hotel in the city of LaGrange, better known as the "SIMS HOUSE." This house is large and capacious, having a nice verandah in front, and thirty-three well ventilated Bed Rooms. It has been thoroughly repaired and newly painted. Any party wishing to embark in the business would do well to give him a call. Terms reasonable.

may28—dtf

JESSE McLENDON,
LaGrange, Ga.

PALMER HOUSE,
CHICAGO.

The Largest and Best Furnished House in the World. ENTIRELY FIRE-PROOF. PRICES REDUCED.

150 Rooms with board, $3 00 per day.
100 " " $3 50 "
100 " " $4 00 "